Federal Compliance Audit

City of Gardiner, Maine

June 30, 2022



Proven Expertise & Integrity

CONTENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 4
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5 - 13
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT A - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	14 - 15
STATEMENT B - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	16 - 17
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT C - BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	18
STATEMENT D - RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	19
STATEMENT E - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	20
STATEMENT F - RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	21
STATEMENT G - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS	22 -23
STATEMENT H - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS	24
STATEMENT I - STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS	25
STATEMENT J - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS	26
STATEMENT K - STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS	, 27
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	28 - 81

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DESCRIPTION	82
SCHEDULE 1 - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND	83
SCHEDULE 2 - SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET)	84
SCHEDULE 3 - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION	85
SCHEDULE 4 - SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE	86
SCHEDULE 5 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY - HEALTH PLAN	87
SCHEDULE 6 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - HEALTH PLAN	88
SCHEDULE 7 - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB	89
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	90 - 91
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DESCRIPTION	92
SCHEDULE A - COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	93
SCHEDULE B - COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	94
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DESCRIPTION	95
SCHEDULE C - COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	96 - 97
SCHEDULE D - COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	98 - 99
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DESCRIPTION	100
SCHEDULE E - COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	101

SCHEDULE F - COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURE AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR	is .
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	102
PERMANENT FUNDS DESCRIPTION	103
SCHEDULE G - COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR PERMANE FUNDS	NT 104 - 105
SCHEDULE H - COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURE AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS	106 - 107
GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS DESCRIPTION	108
SCHEDULE I - SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION	ON 109
SCHEDULE J - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSET BY FUNCTION	TS 110
FEDERAL COMPLIANCE	
FEDERAL COMPLIANCE DESCRIPTION	111
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	112
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	113
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTER BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN	રડ
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	114 - 115
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJ PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE	OR
REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	116 - 118
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	119



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City Council City of Gardiner Gardiner, Maine

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gardiner, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Gardiner, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gardiner, Maine as of June 30, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Gardiner, Maine and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Gardiner, Maine's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Gardiner, Maine's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise doubt about the City of Gardiner, Maine's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension and OPEB information on pages 5 through 13 and 83 through 91 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Gardiner, Maine's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and* is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the

basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 15, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Gardiner, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion the effectiveness of the City of Gardiner's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Gardiner, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine March 15, 2023

RHR Smith & Company

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

(UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the City of Gardiner, Maine's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the City of Gardiner, Maine's financial statements.

Financial Statement Overview

The City of Gardiner, Maine's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, pension and OPEB information and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the City's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regard to the City's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position - this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above-mentioned financial statements have separate columns for the two different types of City activities. The types of activities presented for the City of Gardiner, Maine are:

- Governmental activities The activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants). Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include general government, technology, public safety, public works, community services, education and unclassified.
- Business-type activities These activities are normally intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and/or charges to external users for goods and/or services. These activities for the City of Gardiner include the water fund.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Gardiner, Maine like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Gardiner can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services provided by the City are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the City.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this

comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund's financial statement.

The City of Gardiner, Maine presents three columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The City's major governmental funds are the general fund and ARPA fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Other Governmental Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the City legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Proprietary Funds: The City of Gardiner, Maine maintains two proprietary funds, the ambulance fund and wastewater fund. These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. No reconciliation is needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds: These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds are much like that of proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset), Schedule of Contributions - Pension, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - Life Insurance, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability - Health Plan, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and

Related Ratios - Health Plan, Schedule of Contributions - OPEB and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regard to nonmajor funds and capital asset activity.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the City's governmental activities. The City's total governmental net position increased by \$1,308,108 from \$11,109,762 to \$12,417,870. The City's total business-type net position increased by \$35,574 from \$9,958,775 to \$9,994,349.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - increased for governmental activities to a balance of \$1,447,292 at the end of this year. Unrestricted net position for business-type activities increased to a balance of \$1,165,470.

Table 1
City of Gardiner, Maine
Net Position
June 30,

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type Activities		
		2021			
	2022	(Restated)	2022	2021	
Assets					
Current Assets	\$ 6,062,662	\$ 4,735,135	\$ 1,470,338	\$ 1,439,423	
Noncurrent Assets - Capital	13,673,968	14,083,569	16,520,380	15,039,606	
Noncurrent Assets - Other	191,080				
Total Assets	19,927,710	18,818,704	17,990,718	16,479,029	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,308,542	657,094	-	-	
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	196,047	163,596			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,504,589	820,690			
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities	1,390,942	979,255	535,089	1,638,475	
Noncurrent Liabilities	4,658,852	7,458,904	7,461,280	4,881,779	
Total Liabilities	6,049,794	8,438,159	7,996,369	6,520,254	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Prepaid Taxes	44,955	-	-	-	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	2,650,552	47,818	-	-	
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	269,128	43,655			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,964,635	91,473			
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,513,769	9,336,207	8,828,879	9,697,638	
Restricted	1,456,809	658,672	-	-	
Unrestricted	1,447,292	1,114,883	1,165,470	261,137	
Total Net Position	\$ 12,417,870	\$ 11,109,762	\$ 9,994,349	\$ 9,958,775	

Revenues and Expenses

Revenues for the City's governmental activities increased by 11.07%, while total expenses decreased by 1.68%. The largest increase in revenues was in operating grants and contributions, property taxes, grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes and miscellaneous. The largest decrease in expenses was in general government and public safety. Revenues for the City's business-type activities increased by 13.56% and expenses increased by 6.20%.

Table 2
City of Gardiner, Maine
Change in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type Activities			
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 164,440	\$ 171,999	\$ 3,339,273	\$ 3,239,969		
Operating grants and contributions	121,328	363,182	-	-		
Capital grants and contributions	-	51,543	-	-		
General revenues:						
Property taxes	7,894,500	7,755,236	-	-		
Excise taxes	1,178,177	1,263,548	-	-		
Grants and contributions not	2 502 440	1 201 075	220 540			
restricted to specific programs Miscellaneous	2,502,418 674,315	1,381,975 298,708	338,548 1,443	-		
Total revenues	12,535,178	11,286,191	3,679,264	3,239,969		
	12,000,110	11,200,101	0,070,201	3,200,000		
Expenses						
General government	308,117	1,311,335	-	-		
Technology	118,988	90,784	-	-		
Public safety	2,529,029	2,682,448	-	-		
Public works Community services	2,436,619 1,067,580	2,442,700 772,350	-	-		
Education	3,838,596	3,758,064	_	_		
County tax	414,000	395,413	_	_		
Unclassified	516,435	16,405	_	_		
Interest on long-term debt	126,442	79,861	_	-		
Ambulance	-	-	1,725,647	1,646,117		
Wastewater			1,789,307	1,663,575		
Total expenses	11,355,806	11,549,360	3,514,954	3,309,692		
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	1,179,372	(263,169)	164,310	(69,723)		
Transfers	128,736	163,240	(128,736)	(163,240)		
Change in net position	1,308,108	(99,929)	35,574	(232,963)		
NET POSITION - JULY 1, RESTATED	11,109,762	11,209,691	9,958,775	10,191,738		
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 12,417,870	\$ 11,109,762	\$ 9,994,349	\$ 9,958,775		

Financial Analysis of the City's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the City's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
City of Gardiner, Maine
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30,

		2022	,	2021 Restated)	Increase/ (Decrease)			
Major Funds:		2022		<u>Restateu)</u>	(Decrease)			
General Fund:								
Committed	\$	_	\$	150,000	\$	(150,000)		
Assigned	Ψ	729,000	*	581,600	*	147,400		
Unassigned		2,672,758		2,359,137		313,621		
Total General Fund	\$	3,401,758	\$	3,090,737	\$	311,021		
ARPA Fund:								
Restricted	\$	518,471	\$		\$	518,471		
Total ARPA Fund	\$	518,471	\$	-	\$	518,471		
Nonmajor Funds:								
Special Revenue Funds:								
Restricted	\$	539,492	\$	244,879	\$	294,613		
	φ	559,492	φ	•	φ	· ·		
Unassigned (deficit)		-		(33,763)		33,763		
Capital Projects Funds: Committed		92.762		270 602		(10E 041)		
Permanent Funds:		82,762		278,603		(195,841)		
		207 200		207 200				
Nonspendable		307,399		307,399		- (14.04 7)		
Restricted		91,447	_	106,394		(14,947)		
Total Nonmajor Funds	_\$_	998,348	_\$	903,512	\$	94,836		

The changes to total fund balances for the general fund, ARPA fund and nonmajor funds occurred due to the regular activity of operations.

Proprietary funds: The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The ambulance fund net position decreased by \$42,281 and the wastewater fund increased by \$77,855.

Budgetary Highlights

The final general fund budget increased by \$200,000 to reflect the Boy's and Girl's Club of Kennebec Valley capital campaign pledge approved by City Council.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by \$185,412. This was the result of all revenues being receipted at or over budgeted amounts with the exception of property taxes, intergovernmental revenues - homestead

reimbursement, intergovernmental revenues - veteran's reimbursement, intergovernmental revenues - other and miscellaneous revenues.

The general fund actual expenditures were within or under budget by \$907,209. All expenditure categories were within or under budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2022, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the City increased by \$1,071,173. This increase was the result of capital asset additions of \$2,692,221, less current year depreciation expense of \$1,621,048.

Table 4
City of Gardiner, Maine
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
June 30,

	2022	2021			
Land and other assets not being					
depreciated	\$ 5,506,778	\$	3,497,527		
Buildings, building improvements					
and land improvements	1,602,581		1,694,999		
Equipment, machinery and vehicles	1,854,561		2,313,247		
Infrastructure	21,230,428		21,617,402		
Total	\$ 30,194,348	\$	29,123,175		

Debt

At June 30, 2022, the City had \$12,301,700 in bonds and notes from direct borrowings payable versus \$9,894,547 last year. Refer to Note 7 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information on debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City continues to meet its responsibilities for sound financial management and City staff continue to look for ways to find savings and efficiencies within their departmental budgets.

The FY23 net municipal budget increased by 6.52% resulting in a .50 mil rate increase. Municipal spending increased by 7.2%, the City's assessment for public education increased by 6%, and the Kennebec County budget increased 7.6%.

City of Gardiner											
FY23 Budget Summary											
CARDINER											
Category	Category FY22 Approved					\$ Change	% Change				
OPERATING	\$	6,182,473	\$	6,695,567	\$	513,094	8.3%				
CAPITAL/DEBT	\$	588,694	\$	560,082	\$	(28,612)	-4.9%				
CITY BUDGET TOTAL	\$	6,771,167	\$	7,255,649	\$	484,482	7.2%				
OVERLAY	\$	78,343	\$	56,585	\$	(21,758)	-27.8%				
MSAD 11/EDUCATION ASSESSMENT	\$	3,838,596	\$	4,068,588	\$	229,992	6.0%				
COUNTY ASSESSMENT	\$	414,000	\$	445,602	\$	31,602	7.6%				
GRAND TOTAL BUDGET	\$	11,102,106	\$	11,826,424	\$	724,318	6.52%				
PROJECTED REVENUE	\$	(11,102,106)	\$	(11,826,424)	\$	(724,318)	6.52%				
Deficit	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					

While the restoration of Revenue Sharing to the promised 5% helped to mitigate a larger increase, City Council also approved the use of \$500,000 in fund balance to further reduce the impact of a tax rate increase to the citizens.

A City's unassigned fund balance provides for a "cushion" it could need for unanticipated circumstances. The City of Gardiner strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance of 16.7% (equivalent to two months of operating expenses) or higher. The City has not dropped below the 16.7% for 15 years and had a 25.5% unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2022.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director at 6 Church Street, Gardiner, Maine 04345.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities			usiness-type Activities	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,549,987	\$	-	\$ 4,549,987
Investments		321,236		-	321,236
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for					
uncollectibles):					
Taxes		145,581		-	145,581
Liens		395,249		28,068	423,317
Other		184,872		1,397,778	1,582,650
Notes receivable		12,379		-	12,379
Due from other governments		-		497,850	497,850
Internal balances		453,358		(453,358)	-
Total current assets		6,062,662		1,470,338	7,533,000
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Land and other assets not being depreciated		1,613,607		3,893,171	5,506,778
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated		40.000.004		40 007 000	04 007 570
depreciation		12,060,361		12,627,209	24,687,570
Net pension asset Total noncurrent assets	-	191,080		16 520 200	 191,080
Total Horiculterit assets		13,865,048		16,520,380	 30,385,428
TOTAL ASSETS		19,927,710		17,990,718	 37,918,428
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,308,542		-	1,308,542
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		196,047		-	196,047
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,504,589		-	1,504,589
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	21,432,299	\$	17,990,718	\$ 39,423,017

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental		В	usiness-type	
		Activities		Activities	 Total
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	567,817	\$	31,711	\$ 599,528
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		28,299		15,990	44,289
Accrued expenses		3,014		-	3,014
Accrued interest		-		7,918	7,918
Current portion of long-term obligations		791,812		479,470	 1,271,282
Total current liabilities		1,390,942		535,089	 1,926,031
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:					
Bond payable		3,333,850		7,005,399	10,339,249
Notes from direct borrowings payable		531,056		244,019	775,075
Net OPEB liability		530,339		-	530,339
Accrued compensated absences		263,607		211,862	475,469
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,658,852		7,461,280	12,120,132
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,049,794		7,996,369	14,046,163
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Prepaid taxes		44,955		_	44,955
Deferred inflows related to pensions		2,650,552		_	2,650,552
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		269,128		_	269,128
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,964,635	-	-	 2,964,635
107/12/92/12/14/25/15/25/25/15/		2,001,000			 2,001,000
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		9,513,769		8,828,879	18,342,648
Restricted		1,456,809		-	1,456,809
Unrestricted		1,447,292		1,165,470	2,612,762
TOTAL NET POSITION		12,417,870		9,994,349	22,412,219
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	21,432,299	\$	17,990,718	\$ 39,423,017

See accompanying independent auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and

CITY OF GARDINER, MAINE

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

									mer (⊏x	pense) Rever	iue and	
				Progra	am Revenue	es		Changes in Net Position				
				Op	erating	Capital				Business-		
			Charges for	Gr	ants and	G	rants and	Gov	/ernmental	type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Cor	tributions	Со	ntributions		ctivities	Activities	Total	
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 308,117	· ;	\$ 146,234	\$	-	\$	_	\$	(161,883)	\$ -	\$ (161,883)	
Technology	118,988	,	_		-		-		(118,988)	-	(118,988)	
Public safety	2,529,029)	7,199		-		-	(2,521,830)	-	(2,521,830)	
Public works	2,436,619)	-		-		-	(2,436,619)	-	(2,436,619)	
Community services	1,067,580)	5,007		116,983		_	•	(945,590)	-	(945,590)	
Education	3,838,596	;	-		-		-	(3,838,596)	-	(3,838,596)	
County tax	414,000)	-		-		-		(414,000)	-	(414,000)	
Unclassified	516,435	,	6,000		4,345		-		(506,090)	-	(506,090)	
Interest on long-term debt	126,442		-		-		-		(126,442)	-	(126,442)	
Total governmental activities	11,355,806		164,440		121,328		-	(1	1,070,038)	-	(11,070,038)	
Business-type activities:												
Ambulance	1,725,647	,	1,681,923		_		_		_	(43,724)	(43,724)	
Wastewater	1,789,307		1,657,350		_		_		_	(131,957)	(131,957)	
Total business-type activities	3,514,954		3,339,273				-			(175,681)	(175,681)	
Total government	\$ 14,870,760) ;	\$ 3,503,713	\$	121,328	\$		(1	1,070,038)	(175,681)	(11,245,719)	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Changes in net position:			
Net (expense) revenue	(11,070,038)	(175,681)	(11,245,719)
General revenues: Taxes:			
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	7,894,500	-	7,894,500
Excise taxes	1,178,177	-	1,178,177
Grants and contributions not restricted to			
specific programs	2,502,418	338,548	2,840,966
Miscellaneous	674,315	1,443	675,758
Total general revenues	12,249,410	339,991	12,589,401
Transfers	128,736	(128,736)	
Change in net position	1,308,108	35,574	1,343,682
NET POSITION - JULY 1, RESTATED	11,109,762	9,958,775	21,068,537
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 12,417,870	\$ 9,994,349	\$ 22,412,219

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

Canal			22	Other	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,414,077 \$ 135,910 \$ 4,549,987 Investments 321,236 321,236 Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles): \$ 145,581 145,581 Taxes 145,581 395,249 395,249 Other 170,268 - 14,604 184,872 Notes receivable (net of allowance for for uncollectibles): 12,379 12,379 Due from other funds 570,150 525,419 873,831 1,969,400 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 5,695,325 \$ 525,419 \$ 1,357,960 \$ 7,578,704 LIABILITIES		_		_	_
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,414,077 \$. \$ 135,910 \$ 4,549,987 Investments . . 321,236 321,236 Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles): .		<u> </u>	Fullu	Funus	Fullus
Investments	ASSETS				
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes 395,249 -	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,414,077	\$ -	\$ 135,910	\$ 4,549,987
Taxes	Investments	-	-	321,236	321,236
Taxes 145,581 - - 145,581 Liens 395,249 - - 395,249 Other 170,268 - 14,604 184,872 Notes receivable (net of allowance for for uncollectibles): - - 12,379 12,379 12,379 Due from other funds 570,150 525,419 873,831 1,969,400 TOTAL ASSETS \$5,695,325 \$525,419 873,831 1,969,400 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$222,081 \$6,948 \$338,788 \$567,817 Accrued payroll 28,299 - - 28,299 Accrued expenses 3,014 - - 3,014 Due to other funds 1,495,218 - 20,824 1,516,042 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,748,612 6,948 359,612 2,115,172 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes 44,955 - - 44,955 Deferred tax revenue 500,000 - -	· ·				
Liens Other 395,249 - - - 395,249 14,604 184,872 Notes receivable (net of allowance for for uncollectibles): - - 12,379	for uncollectibles):				
Other 170,268 - 14,604 184,872 Notes receivable (net of allowance for for uncollectibles): - - 12,379 12,379 Due from other funds 570,150 525,419 873,831 1,969,400 TOTAL ASSETS \$5,695,325 \$525,419 \$1,357,960 7,578,704 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$222,081 \$6,948 \$338,788 \$567,817 Accrued payroll 28,299 - - 28,299 Accrued expenses 3,014 - - 3,014 Due to other funds 1,495,218 - 20,824 1,516,042 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,748,612 6,948 359,612 2,115,172 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 44,955 - - 44,955 Deferred tax revenue 500,000 - - 500,000 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 544,955 - - 544,955 FUND BALANCES - 307,399 307,399 82,762 82,762 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td></t<>			-	-	
Notes receivable (net of allowance for for uncollectibles): 1		•	-	-	395,249
for uncollectibles): - - 12,379 12,379 Due from other funds 570,150 525,419 873,831 1,969,400 TOTAL ASSETS \$5,695,325 \$525,419 \$1,357,960 \$7,578,704 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$222,081 \$6,948 \$338,788 \$567,817 Accrued payroll 28,299 - - 28,299 Accrued expenses 3,014 - - 3,014 Due to other funds 1,495,218 - 20,824 1,516,042 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,748,612 6,948 359,612 2,115,172 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes 44,955 - - 44,955 Deferred tax revenue 500,000 - - 504,955 FUND BALANCES 544,955 - - 544,955 FUND BALANCES - - 307,399 307,399 307,399 Restricted - - 82,762 82,762		170,268	-	14,604	184,872
Due from other funds 570,150 525,419 873,831 1,969,400 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 5,695,325 \$ 525,419 \$ 1,357,960 \$ 7,578,704 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 222,081 \$ 6,948 \$ 338,788 \$ 567,817 Accrued payroll 28,299 28,292 28,292 28,292 28,292 28,292 28,262 <td>·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	·				
TOTAL ASSETS \$ 5,695,325 \$ 525,419 \$ 1,357,960 \$ 7,578,704	,	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	•	•
LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 222,081 \$ 6,948 \$ 338,788 \$ 567,817 Accrued payroll 28,299 - - 28,299 Accrued expenses 3,014 - - 3,014 Due to other funds 1,495,218 - 20,824 1,516,042 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,748,612 6,948 359,612 2,115,172 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 44,955 - - 44,955 Deferred tax revenue 500,000 - - 500,000 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 544,955 - - 544,955 FUND BALANCES 544,955 - - 544,955 Nonspendable - - - 307,399 307,399 Restricted - - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed - - 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 - - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
Accounts payable \$ 222,081 \$ 6,948 \$ 338,788 \$ 567,817 Accrued payroll 28,299 - - 28,299 Accrued expenses 3,014 - - 3,014 Due to other funds 1,495,218 - 20,824 1,516,042 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,748,612 6,948 359,612 2,115,172 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes 44,955 - - 44,955 Deferred tax revenue 500,000 - - 500,000 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 544,955 - - 544,955 FUND BALANCES 544,955 - - 544,955 Nonspendable - - 307,399 307,399 Restricted - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed - - 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 - - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006<	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,695,325	\$ 525,419	\$ 1,357,960	\$ 7,578,704
Accounts payable \$ 222,081 \$ 6,948 \$ 338,788 \$ 567,817 Accrued payroll 28,299 - - 28,299 Accrued expenses 3,014 - - 3,014 Due to other funds 1,495,218 - 20,824 1,516,042 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,748,612 6,948 359,612 2,115,172 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes 44,955 - - 44,955 Deferred tax revenue 500,000 - - 500,000 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 544,955 - - 544,955 FUND BALANCES 544,955 - - 544,955 Nonspendable - - 307,399 307,399 Restricted - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed - - 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 - - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006<					
Accrued payroll 28,299 - - 28,299 Accrued expenses 3,014 - - 3,014 Due to other funds 1,495,218 - 20,824 1,516,042 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,748,612 6,948 359,612 2,115,172 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Frepaid taxes 44,955 - - 44,955 Deferred tax revenue 500,000 - - - 500,000 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 544,955 - - 544,955 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable - - 307,399 307,399 Restricted - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed - - 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 - - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577					
Accrued expenses 3,014 - - 3,014 Due to other funds 1,495,218 - 20,824 1,516,042 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,748,612 6,948 359,612 2,115,172 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 44,955 - - 44,955 Deferred tax revenue 500,000 - - 500,000 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 544,955 - - 544,955 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable - - 307,399 307,399 Restricted - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed - - 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 - - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577	• •		\$ 6,948	\$ 338,788	
Due to other funds 1,495,218 - 20,824 1,516,042 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,748,612 6,948 359,612 2,115,172 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes 44,955 - - 44,955 Deferred tax revenue 500,000 - - 500,000 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 544,955 - - 544,955 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable - - 307,399 307,399 Restricted - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed - - 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 - - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577		•	-	-	•
TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,748,612 6,948 359,612 2,115,172 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes 44,955 44,955 Deferred tax revenue 500,000 500,000 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 544,955 544,955 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable 307,399 307,399 Restricted - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 729,000 Unassigned 729,000 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	•	•	-	-	•
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes					
Prepaid taxes 44,955 - - 44,955 Deferred tax revenue 500,000 - - 500,000 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 544,955 - - 544,955 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable - - 307,399 307,399 Restricted - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed - - 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 - - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577	TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,748,612	6,948	359,612	2,115,172
Prepaid taxes 44,955 - - 44,955 Deferred tax revenue 500,000 - - 500,000 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 544,955 - - 544,955 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable - - 307,399 307,399 Restricted - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed - - 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 - - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred tax revenue 500,000 - - 500,000 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 544,955 - - 544,955 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable - - 307,399 307,399 Restricted - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed - - 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 - - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		44 955	_	_	44 955
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 544,955 - - 544,955 FUND BALANCES Value of the control of the cont	·		_	-	•
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable 307,399 307,399 Restricted - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					
Nonspendable - - 307,399 307,399 Restricted - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed - - 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 - - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					
Restricted - 518,471 630,939 1,149,410 Committed - - 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 - - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577	FUND BALANCES				
Committed - - 82,762 82,762 Assigned 729,000 - - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	Nonspendable	-	_	307,399	307,399
Assigned 729,000 - 729,000 Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577	Restricted	-	518,471	630,939	1,149,410
Unassigned 2,672,758 - (22,752) 2,650,006 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	Committed	-	-	82,762	82,762
TOTAL FUND BALANCES 3,401,758 518,471 998,348 4,918,577 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	Assigned	729,000	-	-	729,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	Unassigned	2,672,758		(22,752)	2,650,006
	TOTAL FUND BALANCES	3,401,758	518,471	998,348	4,918,577
	TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
		\$ 5,695,325	\$ 525,419	\$ 1,357,960	\$ 7,578,704

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Total
	Governmental
	Funds
Total Fund Balances	\$ 4,918,577
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation	13,673,968
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds shown above:	-,,
Taxes and liens receivable	500,000
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not financial	000,000
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	1,308,542
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not financial	, , -
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	196,047
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and	•
therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds payable	(3,800,077)
Notes from direct borrowings payable	(810,122)
Accrued compensated absences	(310,126)
Net pension (liability) asset	191,080
Net OPEB liability	(530,339)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	(2,650,552)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	(269,128)
	.
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 12,417,870

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	(General	22 ARPA		Other Governmental		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES		Fund		Fund		Funds		runus
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	6,922,108	\$	-	\$	887,392	\$	7,809,500
Excise taxes		1,178,177	·	_	·	, -	·	1,178,177
Intergovernmental revenues		2,021,661		597,740		4,345		2,623,746
Charges for services		158,440		-		6,000		164,440
Investment income		16,902		-		3,205		20,107
Miscellaneous revenues		171,494		-		482,714		654,208
TOTAL REVENUES	1	0,468,782		597,740		1,383,656		12,450,178
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government		746,025		79,269		357,707		1,183,001
Technology		118,988		13,203		-		118,988
Public safety		2,354,708		_		_		2,354,708
Public works		1,246,977		_		400,613		1,647,590
Community services		943,106		_		122,599		1,065,705
Education		3,838,596		_		-		3,838,596
County tax		414,000		_		_		414,000
Unclassified		200,000		-		16,435		216,435
Debt service:		,				-,		,
Principal		425,246		_		241,466		666,712
Interest		148,851		-		_		148,851
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1	0,436,497		79,269		1,138,820		11,654,586
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		32,285		518,471		244,836		795,592
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		313,736		-		135,000		448,736
Transfers (out)		(35,000)		-		(285,000)		(320,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		278,736		-		(150,000)		128,736
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		311,021		518,471		94,836		924,328
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, RESTATED		3,090,737				903,512		3,994,249
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	3,401,758	\$	518,471	\$	998,348	\$	4,918,577

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ 924,328
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset acquisitions	E41 996
Depreciation expense	541,886 (951,487) (409,601)
Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pension	651,448
OPEB	32,451 683,899
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
Taxes and liens receivable	85,000
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position	(543,745)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position.	830,908
Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pension	(2,602,734)
OPEB	(225,473) (2,828,207)
	(2,020,201)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Accrued compensated absences	642
Accrued interest Net pension liability	22,409 2,384,768
Net OPEB liability	157,707
•	2,565,526
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 1,308,108

See accompanying independent auditor's report and notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds						
	Ambulance	Wastewater	Total				
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Liens	\$ -	\$ 28,068	\$ 28,068				
Other	934,398	463,380	1,397,778				
Due from other governments	-	497,850	497,850				
Due from other funds	95,968		95,968				
Total current assets	1,030,366	989,298	2,019,664				
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets:							
Land and construction in progress	-	3,893,171	3,893,171				
Buildings and improvements	-	4,822,059	4,822,059				
Vehicles and equipment	935,725	887,532	1,823,257				
Infrastructure		15,477,398	15,477,398				
Total capital assets	935,725	25,080,160	26,015,885				
Less: accumulated depreciation	(695,310)	(8,800,195)	(9,495,505)				
Net capital assets	240,415	16,279,965	16,520,380				
Total noncurrent assets	240,415	16,279,965	16,520,380				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,270,781	\$ 17,269,263	\$ 18,540,044				

STATEMENT G (CONTINUED)

CITY OF GARDINER, MAINE

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	An	nbulance	W	astewater	ater Total		
LIABILITIES		_				·	
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	10,877	\$	20,834	\$	31,711	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		10,374		5,616		15,990	
Accrued interest		-		7,918		7,918	
Due to other funds		-		549,326		549,326	
Current portion of long-term obligations		103,412		376,058		479,470	
Total current liabilities		124,663		959,752		1,084,415	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:							
Bonds payable		-		7,005,399		7,005,399	
Notes from direct borrowings payable		216,107		27,912		244,019	
Accrued compensated absences		191,614		20,248		211,862	
Total noncurrent liabilities		407,721		7,053,559		7,461,280	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		532,384		8,013,311		8,545,695	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		(45,290)		8,874,169		8,828,879	
Unrestricted		783,687		381,783		1,165,470	
TOTAL NET POSITION		738,397		9,255,952		9,994,349	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		1,270,781		17,269,263		18,540,044	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds				
	Α	mbulance	Wastewater	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ 338,548	\$ 338,548	
Charges for services		1,681,923	1,657,350	3,339,273	
Other		1,443		1,443	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		1,683,366	1,995,898	3,679,264	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Payroll, taxes and benefits		1,325,515	503,928	1,829,443	
Contractual services		95,114	214,386	309,500	
Supplies and materials		58,756	107,195	165,951	
Repairs and maintenance		79,002	287,683	366,685	
Other expenses		36,001	59,549	95,550	
Depreciation		119,960	549,601	669,561	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	-	1,714,348	1,722,342	3,436,690	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(30,982)	273,556	242,574	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(11 200)	(66 06E)	(70.064)	
Interest expense		(11,299)	(66,965)	(78,264)	
Transfers (out) TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	-		(128,736)	(128,736)	
(EXPENSES)		(11,299)	(195,701)	(207,000)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(42,281)	77,855	35,574	
NET POSITION - JULY 1		780,678	9,178,097	9,958,775	
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	738,397	\$ 9,255,952	\$ 9,994,349	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds					
	- A	Ambulance	٧	Vastewater		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Receipts from customers	\$	1,719,145	\$	1,781,477	\$:	3,500,622
Internal activity - receipts (payments) from/to other funds		(40,609)		346,195		305,586
Intergovernmental revenues		-		(159,302)		(159,302)
Miscellaneous revenues		1,443		-		1,443
Payments to employees		(1,297,943)		(514,126)	(1,812,069)
Payments to suppliers		(298,713)		(1,529,765)	(1,828,478)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		83,323		(75,521)		7,802
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers to/from other funds		-		(128,736)		(128,736)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING		_		_		
ACTIVITIES				(128,736)		(128,736)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING						
ACTIVITIES:						
Short term interim financing		-		(344,783)		(344,783)
Proceeds from bonds payable		-		3,032,000	;	3,032,000
Proceeds from notes from direct borrowings payable		-		14,696		14,696
Purchases of capital assets		-		(2,150,335)	(2	2,150,335)
Principal paid on capital debt		(72,024)		(280,356)		(352,380)
Interest paid on capital debt		(11,299)		(66,965)		(78, 264)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(83,323)		204,257		120,934
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-		-		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1						
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET						
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income	\$	(30,982)	\$	273,556	\$	242,574
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net						
cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		119,960		549,601		669,561
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in liens		-		(28,068)		(28,068)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		37,222		152,195		189,417
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments		-		(497,850)		(497,850)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(40,609)		-		(40,609)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(7,075)		(860,541)		(867,616)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and related liabilities		10,371		(5,273)		5,098
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest		(22,765)		(411)		(23, 176)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		-		346,195 [°]		346,195
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences		17,201		(4,925)		12,276
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	83,323	\$	(75,521)	\$	7,802

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Private
	Purpose Trust
	Gardiner Growth
	Initiative
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents TOTAL ASSETS	\$ - \$ -
LIABILITIES Due to other governments TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ <u>-</u>
NET POSITION Restricted TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ -

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Private			
	Purpose Trust			
	Gardiner Grow			
	Ir	nitiative		
ADDITIONS	· ·			
Contributions				
Donations	\$	19,141		
Total additions		19,141		
DEDUCTIONS				
Other miscellaneous		21,750		
Total deductions		21,750		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(2,609)		
NET POSITION - JULY 1		2,609		
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	-		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The City of Gardiner, Maine was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine. The City operates under the City Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: general government, technology, public safety, public works, community services, education and unclassified.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The City's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the City. We have determined that the City has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 87 "Leases". The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period". This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5-22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations". The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations and improving required note disclosures. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 92 "Omnibus 2020". The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 93 "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (paragraphs 13-14)". The primary objectives of paragraphs 13-14 concern provisions of lease contracts that are amended while the contract is in effect. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 97 "Certain Component Unit Criteria and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans". The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's ambulance fund and wastewater fund are categorized as business-type activities. All other activities of the City are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (general government, public safety, etc.) excluding fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The City does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding department.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the City:

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

Major Funds:

- a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The ARPA Fund is used to account for the proceeds from ARPA grant revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The source of revenues is ARPA grant funds.

Nonmajor Funds:

- c. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- d. Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

e. Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the City that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended and unless otherwise specified, only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the City or its citizenry. The City's policy for authorizing and spending investment income follows State statutes.

2. Proprietary Funds:

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Operating revenues include charges for services, intergovernmental reimbursements and other miscellaneous fees which are a direct result of the proprietary activity. Nonoperating revenues are any revenues which are generated outside of the general proprietary activity, i.e. interest income. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the City:

a. Enterprise Funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

3. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the City's programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Component units that are fiduciary in nature have been excluded from these financial statements.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (private-purpose). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Budget

The City's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 1. Per City Charter, the City Manager must submit budget estimates for the ensuing fiscal year to the City Council by the first Monday in May.
- 2. The budget shall be compiled from detailed information furnished by the administrative officers and boards on blanks, the forms of which shall be designated by the City Manager and shall contain:
 - a) Exact statement of the financial condition of the City.
 - b) itemized statement of appropriations recommended for current expenses and for permanent improvements with comparative statements in parallel columns of expenditures for the current and next preceding fiscal year.
 - c) Any increases or decreases in any item or items shall be indicated.
 - d) Itemized statement of estimated revenue from all sources other than taxation; and a statement of taxes required, with comparative figures from the current and next preceding year.
 - e) Such other information as the City Council may require.
- 3. The budget shall be posted not later than 2 weeks after its submission to the City council. The City Council shall fix a time and place for holding a public hearing upon the budget and shall give a public notice of such hearing, which shall be at least 10 days before the final passage of the appropriation resolve.

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The City's investment policy requires collateralization of accounts and deposits exceeding an amount equal to 25% of capital, surplus and undivided profits as defined by the laws of the State of Maine.

It is the City's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the City's investments are reported at amortized cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. The City Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposit and other evidence of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$350,000 in the ambulance fund as of June 30, 2022. Accounts receivable netted with allowances for uncollectible accounts were \$2,080,500 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Notes receivable netted with allowances for uncollectible accounts were \$12,379 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Tax Acquired Property

Real property becomes tax acquired when tax liens placed on property and associated costs remain unpaid eighteen months after the filing of the tax lien in accordance with 36 M.R.S.A. § 943. The amount of the taxes and associated costs become assets classified as tax acquired property receivables that are secured by the real property that foreclosed.

After real property becomes tax acquired the Council is responsible for the property and any disposition procedures allowed under the direction of the inhabitants of the City as authorized by the City Policy for Tax Acquired Property.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost exceeding the thresholds outlined below are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The City's policy is to capitalize assets exceeding the thresholds for various asset classes as follows:

Land	\$25,000
Buildings and improvements	10,000
Infrastructure	25,000
Furniture and equipment	10,000
Vehicles	10,000

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated capital assets are reported at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to independently owned utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the City. The City has not retroactively recorded infrastructure.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	5 - 40 years
Infrastructure	5 - 40 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 40 years
Vehicles	5 - 40 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of bonds payable, notes from direct borrowings payable, accrued compensated absences, net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Participating Local District (PLD) Plan and additions to/deductions from the PLD Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PLD Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>OPEB</u>

For purposes of measuring the District's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System OPEB Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, management received and relied on an actuarial report provided to them by the Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT), which determined the City's fiduciary net position as a single employer defined benefit plan based on information provided solely by MMEHT to complete the actuarial report. Additions to/deductions from the MMEHT OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MMEHT. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or the laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority of the City. Commitments may be established, modified or rescinded only through a City Council meeting vote.

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is given by the Charter and is expressed by the City Council.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two types of this item, deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB. These items are reported in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred tax revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, this item is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Prepaid taxes also qualify for reporting in this category. This item is reported in both the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB qualify for reporting in this category as well. These items are reported only in the statement of net position. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes - Modified Accrual Basis

The City's property tax for the current year was levied August 5, 2021 on the assessed value listed as of April 1, 2021, for all real and personal property located in the City. Taxes were due in two installments on September 15, 2021 and March 15, 2022. Interest on unpaid taxes commenced on September 16, 2021 and March 16, 2022 at 6.0% per annum.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. The remaining receivables have been recorded as deferred revenues.

The City is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy taxes up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay and amounted to \$78,343 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The City has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if tax liens and associated costs remain unpaid.

Program Revenues

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

Operating/Nonoperating Proprietary Fund Revenues

Operating revenues consist mainly of direct revenue sources and/or charges for services applicable to that fund's ongoing operations. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The City does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

Use of Estimates

During the preparation of the City's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes require that all investments made by the City consider the safe and sound investment of principal and preservation of capital in the overall portfolio, maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet day-to-day operations and other cash requirements and maximization of income, within established investment risk guidelines, with consistent cash flows throughout the budgetary cycle. These investment policies apply to all City funds.

Deposits:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits. The City does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the City maintains deposits in qualifying financial institutions that are a member of the FDIC or NCUSIF as defined in Title 30-A, Section 5706 of the Maine Revised Statutes.

At June 30, 2022, the City's cash balances amounting to \$4,549,987 were comprised of deposits of \$5,018,513. Bank deposits and cash equivalents are adjusted primarily by outstanding checks and deposits in transit to reconcile to the City's cash and cash equivalents balance. Of these bank deposits, \$250,000 was fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently was not exposed to custodial credit risk. The remaining deposits of \$4,768,513 were collateralized by a standby letter of credit.

	Bank
Account Type	Balance
Checking accounts	\$ 5,018,513

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates. Certificates of deposit held with local financial institutions for \$321,236 are excluded from interest rate risk as these investments are considered held to maturity and are therefore not measured at fair value.

At June 30, 2022, the City's investments of \$321,236 are comprised of certificates of deposit which are collateralized by federal depository insurance and a standby letter of credit.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Maine authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The City does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the City invests excess funds in various savings accounts and certificates of deposit.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Receivables (Due from)						Payables (Due to)
General fund	\$	570,150	\$ 1,495,218				
ARPA fund		525,419	-				
Enterprise fund		95,968	549,326				
Nonmajor special revenue funds		530,332	20,824				
Nonmajor capital projects funds		343,499	-				
Totals	\$ 2	2,065,368	\$ 2,065,368				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

The result of amounts owed between funds are considered to be in the course of normal operations by the City. Reconciliation of the amounts owed between funds may or may not be expected to be repaid within one year in their entirety due to the recurring nature of these transactions during operations.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	ransfers From	T	ransfers To
\$	35 000	\$	313,736
Ψ	128,736	Ψ	-
	285,000		-
	-		135,000
\$	448,736	\$	448,736
	\$	\$ 35,000 128,736 285,000	From \$ 35,000 \$ 128,736 285,000

Interfund transfers are the results of legally authorized activity and are considered to be in the course of normal operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

		Balance 7/1/21		Additions		Disposals		Balance 6/30/22
Governmental activities:								
Non-depreciated assets:								
Land	\$	1,008,247	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,008,247
Construction in progress	•	725,396	*	478,624	*	(598,660)	*	605,360
Total non-depreciated assets		1,733,643		478,624		(598,660)		1,613,607
Depreciated assets:		.,,				(000,000)		.,,
Buildings and improvements		552,290		-		-		552,290
Furniture and equipment		1,414,342		_		_		1,414,342
Vehicles		4,849,547		63,262		-		4,912,809
Infrastructure		47,147,408		598,660		-		47,746,068
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	53,963,587		661,922		-		54,625,509
Less: accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(326,414)		(10,830)		-		(337,244)
Furniture and equipment		(1,171,183)		(61,557)		_		(1,232,740)
Vehicles		(3,270,837)		(280,401)		_		(3,551,238)
Infrastructure	(36,845,227)		(598,699)		_	(37,443,926)
Total accumulated depreciation	(41,613,661)		(951,487)		_	(42,565,148)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		12,349,926		(289,565)		_		12,060,361
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$	14,083,569	\$	189,059	\$	(598,660)	\$	13,673,968
Business-type activities: Non-depreciated assets:								
Land	\$	381,668	\$	-	\$	-	\$	381,668
Construction in progress		1,382,216	·	2,129,287		-		3,511,503
. •		1,763,884		2,129,287		_		3,893,171
Depreciated assets:								
Buildings/sewer system		4,822,059		-		-		4,822,059
Furniture and equipment		960,658		_		-		960,658
Vehicles		841,551		21,048		-		862,599
Infrastructure		15,477,398		-		-		15,477,398
Total capital assets being depreciated		22,101,666		21,048		-		22,122,714
Less: accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(3,352,936)		(81,588)		-		(3,434,524)
Furniture and equipment		(800,864)		(89,207)		-		(890,071)
Vehicles		(509,967)		(111,831)		=		(621,798)
Infrastructure		(4,162,177)		(386, 935)		-		(4,549,112)
Total accumulated depreciation		(8,825,944)		(669,561)		-		(9,495,505)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		13,275,722		(648,513)		-		12,627,209
Total business-type activities capital assets	\$	15,039,606	\$	1,480,774	\$		\$	16,520,380
Total capital assets	\$	29,123,175	\$	1,669,833	\$	(598,660)	\$	30,194,348
Current year depreciation:								
General government							\$	2,549
Public safety							Ψ	174,321
Public works								772,742
Community services								1,875
Subtotal governmental								951,487
Ambulance								
								119,960
Wasterwater								549,601
Subtotal business-type								669,561
Total depreciation expense							\$	1,621,048

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Е	Balance			Balance
		7/1/21	Additions	Deletions	6/30/22
MMBB Note payable	\$	344,783	2,605,328	(2,950,111)	-

On January 25, 2021, the City issued a short-term note payable through Androscoggin Savings Bank to meet the interim financing needs of a capital project consisting of various upgrades and improvements to the wastewater treatment facility. The note allows principal draws up to \$3,523,000 at 1.63% interest per annum with a maturity date of January 31, 2023. As of June 30, 2022, the note was paid in full along with \$6,455 interest.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		Balance,						
		7/1/21				Balance,	(Current
		(Restated)	 Additions	[Deletions	6/30/22		Portion
					_	_		
Governmental Activities:								
Bonds payable	\$	4,310,366	\$ -	\$	(510,289)	\$ 3,800,077	\$	466,227
Notes from direct								
borrowings payable		586,996	543,745		(320,619)	810,122		279,066
	\$	4,897,362	\$ 543,745	\$	(830,908)	\$ 4,610,199	\$	745,293
Business-type Activities:								
Ambulance:								
Notes from direct								
borrowings payable	\$	357,729	\$ _	\$	(72,024)	\$ 285,705	\$	69,598
Wastewater:					, ,			
Bonds payable		4,606,171	3,032,000		(272,281)	7,365,890		360,491
Notes from direct		, ,			, ,	, ,		,
borrowings payable		33,285	14,696		(8,075)	39,906		11,994
3 1 7	\$	4,997,185	\$ 3,046,696	\$	(352,380)	\$ 7,691,501	\$	442,083
	_	`	 		· /	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the outstanding bonds and notes from direct borrowings payable:

Governmental activities:

Bonds payable:

Bonds payable:	
2007D - \$319,700 Maine Municipal Bond Bank General Obligation Bond for financing permanent public improvements in the Northwest quadrant of the City. Annual principal payments in the amount of \$15,985 with a fixed interest rate ranging from 2.000% to 6.000% per annum paid semi-annually. The bond matures in November of 2027.	\$ 95,910
2010 A/B - \$4,067,093 Maine Municipal Bond Bank General Obligation Bond for financing permanent public improvements at the Libby Hill Business Park. Annual principal payments in the amount of \$162,684 with a fixed interest rate ranging from 2.060% to 5.560% per annum paid semi-annually. The bond matures in November of 2027.	2,114,888
2010 D/E - \$767,000 Maine Municipal Bond Bank General Obligation Bond for financing a ladder truck. Annual principal payments in the amount of \$51,134 with a fixed interest rate ranging from 2.124% to 4.267% per annum paid semi-annually. The bond matures in November of 2027.	204,533
2011 C - \$260,000 Maine Municipal Bond Bank General Obligation Bond for financing Harrison ave. improvements. Annual principal payments in the amount of \$9,286 with a fixed interest rate ranging from 2.020% to 5.520% per annum. The bond matures in November of 2039.	167,143
2017 - \$1,194,339 Camden National Bank General Obligation Bond for financing permanent public improvements (paving). Annual principal payments in the amount of \$141,042 with a fixed interest rate of 2.490% per annum paid semi-annually. The bond matures in May of 2026.	547,145
2017 - \$600,132 Camden National Bank General Obligation Bond for financing permanent public improvements (sidewalks). Annual principal payments varying from \$38,894 to \$47,094 with a fixed interest rate of 2.990% per annum paid semi-annually. The bond matures in May of 2024.	399,856
2018 - \$129,500 Kennebec Savings Bank General Obligation Bond for financing permanent public improvements (loader). Annual principal payments of \$21,583 with a fixed interest rate of 3.690% per annum paid semi-annually. The bond matures in December of 2024.	64,750
2017 - \$294,074 Camden National Bank General Obligation Bond for financing permanent public improvements (led streetlight conversion). Annual principal payments of \$29,407 with a fixed interest rate of 4.060% per annum paid semi-annually. The bond matures in February of 2029.	205,852
Total governmental activities bonds payable:	3,800,077

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Notes from direct borrowings payable:

nette from an est befrominge payable.	
2015 - \$183,182 Gorham Savings Leasing Group, LLC capital lease for financing a 2016 Western plow truck and sander. Annual payments of \$25,346 with a fixed interest rate of 3.000% per annum. The lease matures in November of 2022.	24,608
2017 - \$60,100 Androscoggin Bank capital lease for financing a 2017 Volvo excavator. Annual payments of \$13,157 with a fixed interest rate of 3.090% per annum. The lease matures in September of 2022.	12,763
2017 - \$150,000 Johnson Hall, Inc. construction project pledge. Pledge funds shall only be made available to Johnson Hall upon the financial close of construction financing for the aforedescribed Scope of Renovation Improvements consistent with any lender commitment letter and the execution of a construction contract for said Project. Evidence of financial close and execution of a construction contract shall be provided in a written notice from Johnson Hall to Gardiner. The pledge is effective until September 1, 2023	150,000
2019 - \$61,913 Androscoggin Bank capital lease for financing a 2018 Wacker-Neuson wheel loader. Annual payments of \$13,553 with a fixed interest rate of 3.110% per annum. The lease matures in September of 2022.	38,257
2020 - \$123,861 Gorham Savings Leasing Group, LLC capital lease for financing a 2020 Freightliner plow truck and sander. Annual payments of \$26,289 with a fixed interest rate of 2.570% per annum. The lease matures in August of 2025.	74,981
2020 - \$33,804 Gorham Savings Leasing Group, LLC capital lease for financing a 2020 Ford Explorer police cruiser. Annual payments of \$8,876 with a fixed interest rate of 1.920% per annum. The lease matures in October of 2024.	25,638
2020 - \$45,608 Gorham Savings Leasing Group, LLC capital lease for financing communication systems upgrade. Annual payments of \$11,961 with a fixed interest rate of 1.880% per annum. The lease matures in October of 2024. Split with Ambulance fund.	17,288
2021 - \$153,286 Gorham Savings Leasing Group, LLC capital lease for financing a 2021 Freightliner plow truck. Annual payments of \$33,222 with a fixed interest rate of 1.920% per annum. The lease matures in August of 2025.	122,842
2022 - \$500,000 Boys and Girls Club of Kennebec Valley capital campaign pledge. \$200,000 was paid in FY21. \$150,000 due in fiscal years 2022 and 2023.	300,000
2022 - \$29,391 Androscoggin Bank capital lease for financing a 3/4 ton truck. Annual payments of \$7,781 with a fixed interest rate of 3.270% per annum. The lease matures in August of 2025. Split with Wasterwater fund.	14,696
2022 - \$29,049 Androscoggin Bank capital lease for financing a 1 ton truck. Annual payments of \$7,690 with a fixed interest rate of 3.270% per annum. The lease matures in August of 2025.	29,049
Total governmental activities notes from direct borrowings payable	810,122
Total governmental activities bonds and notes from direct borrowings payable	\$ 4,610,199

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

<u>Business-t</u>	ype	<u>activities:</u>

Bonds payable:

\$ 173,140
1,460,243
327,019
157,238
2,216,250
3,032,000
7,365,890

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Notes from direct borrowings payable:

Ambulance Services:

2020 - \$197,254 Androscoggin Bank capital lease for financing 2019 Ram 5500 Ambulance (Rescue 1). Annual payments of \$36,147 with a fixed interest rate of 3.230% per annum. The lease matures in August of 2026.	\$	133,622
2020 - \$198,985 Androscoggin Bank capital lease for financing 2019 Ram 5500 Ambulance (Rescue 2). Annual payments of \$36,465 with a fixed interest rate of 3.230% per annum. The lease matures in August of 2026.		134,795
2020 - \$45,608 Gorham Savings Leasing Group, LLC capital lease for financing communication systems upgrade. Annual payments of \$5,981 with a fixed interest rate of 1.880% per annum. The lease matures in October of 2024. Split with fire department.		17,288
Wastewater Services:		
2020 - \$33,285 Gorham Savings Leasing Group, LLC capital lease for financing a 2020 GMC Sierra truck. Annual payments of \$8,725 with a fixed interest rate of 1.900% per annum. The lease matures in October of 2024.		25,210
2022 - \$29,391 Androscoggin Bank capital lease for financing a 3/4 ton truck. Annual payments of \$3,891 with a fixed interest rate of 3.270% per annum. The lease matures in August of 2025. Split with public works.		14,696
Total business-type activities notes from direct borrowings payable		325,611
Total business-type activities bonds and notes from direct borrowings payable	\$ 7	7,691,501

The following is a summary of outstanding bonds and notes from direct borrowings payable principal and interest requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

	Governmental Activities								
						Notes fro	m Dir	ect	
		Bonds I	Paya	ble		Borrowing	ıs Pay	/able	
		Principal		Interest	F	Principal	ı	nterest	
		-				-		,	
2023	\$	466,227	\$	117,178	\$	279,066	\$	7,941	
2024		468,449		97,715		392,995		5,509	
2025		470,814		81,982		95,231		3,272	
2026		451,569		69,438		42,830		974	
2027		261,763		56,934		-		-	
2028-2032		1,118,918		165,225		-		-	
2033-2037		534,480		23,982		-		-	
2038-2042		27,857		44				-	
	\$	3,800,077	\$	612,498	\$	810,122	\$	17,696	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

	Business-type Activities								
						Notes fro	m Dir	ect	
		Bonds I	⊃aya	ble		Borrowing	s Pa	yable	
									Total
		Principal		Interest	F	Principal	I	nterest	Debt Service
2023	\$	360,491	\$	114,828	\$	81,592	\$	9,616	\$ 1,436,939
2024		362,071		110,544		83,705		7,504	1,528,492
2025		363,681		106,230		86,207		5,001	1,212,418
2026		365,321		101,886		74,107		2,395	1,108,520
2027		366,991		97,511		-		-	783,199
2028-2032		1,861,152		420,803		-		-	3,566,098
2033-2037		1,177,866		274,656		-		-	2,010,984
2038-2042		1,200,826		165,557		-		-	1,394,284
2043-2047		919,806		66,230		-		-	986,036
2048-2052		387,685		11,674					399,359
	\$	7,365,890	\$	1,469,919	\$	325,611	\$	24,516	\$14,426,329

No interest costs were capitalized during the period. The amount of interest costs incurred and charged to business-type activities expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$78,264.

All bonds and notes from direct borrowings payable are direct obligations of the City, for which its full faith and credit are pledged. All debt is payable from taxes or wastewater user fees levied on all taxable property within the City.

NOTE 8 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance, 7/1/21	Д	dditions	С	eletions	Balance, 6/30/22	Current Portion
Governmental Activities:							
Accrued compensated							
absences	\$ 310,768	\$	-	\$	(642)	\$ 310,126	\$ 46,519
Net pension liability (asset)	2,193,688		652,465	(3	3,037,233)	(191,080)	-
Net OPEB liability	688,046				(157,707)	530,339	-
	\$ 3,192,502	\$	652,465	\$(3	3,195,582)	\$ 649,385	\$ 46,519

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

	E	Balance,					Е	Balance,	(Current
		7/1/21 Additions		De	eletions	6/30/22		Portion		
Business-type Activities:										
Ambulance:										
Accrued compensated										
absences	\$	208,227	\$	17,201	\$	-	\$	225,428	\$	33,814
Wastewater:										
Accrued compensated										
absences		28,746		-		(4,925)		23,821		3,573
	\$	236,973	\$	17,201	\$	(4,925)	\$	249,249	\$	37,387

Please see Notes 9, 18, 20 and 21 for detailed information on each of the other long-term obligations.

NOTE 9 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City's policies regarding vacation and sick pay benefits do permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and pay benefits. Generally, the liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2022, the City's liability for compensated absences is \$559,375.

NOTE 10 - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is the calculation of the net investment in capital assets for the City at June 30, 2022:

	G	overnmental	business- rype
Invested in capital assets	\$	56,239,116	\$26,015,885
Accumulated depreciation		(42,565,148)	(9,495,505)
Outstanding capital related debt		(4,160,199)	(7,691,501)
	\$	9,513,769	\$ 8,828,879
			-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

At June 30, 2022, the City had the following restricted net position:

ARPA Fund	\$ 518,471
Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule C):	
Revolving loan funds	48,646
Planning and development	80,506
TIF funds	119,348
Public safety grants	215,650
Private grants	40,749
Bradstreet funds	1,800
New Mills dam	32,793
Nonmajor permanent funds (Schedule G):	
Henrietta Johnson fire dept. trust	82,956
Lucy Harriman children's fund	20,143
Christmas dinner fund	12,203
Gardiner fire dept. fund	21,600
Cemetery perpetual care fund	2,099
Isabel Harriman fund	241,629
All other funds	 18,216
	\$ 1,456,809

NOTE 12 - NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2022, the City had the following nonspendable fund balances:

Nonmajor permanent funds (Schedule G):	
Henrietta Johnson fire dept. trust	\$ 10,000
Lucy Harriman children's fund	20,000
Christmas dinner fund	10,000
Gardiner fire dept. fund	10,250
Cemetery perpetual care fund	2,050
Isabel Harriman fund	239,599
All other funds	15,500
	\$ 307,399

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2022, the City had the following restricted fund balances:

ARPA Fund	\$ 518,471
Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule C):	
Revolving loan funds	48,646
Planning and development	80,506
TIF funds	119,348
Public safety grants	215,650
Private grants	40,749
Bradstreet funds	1,800
New Mills dam	32,793
Nonmajor permanent funds (Schedule G):	
Henrietta Johnson fire dept. trust	72,956
Lucy Harriman children's fund	143
Christmas dinner fund	2,203
Gardiner fire dept. fund	11,350
Cemetery perpetual care fund	49
Isabel Harriman fund	2,030
All other funds	 2,716
	\$ 1,149,410

NOTE 14 - COMMITTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2022, the City had the following committed fund balances:

Nonmajor capital projects funds (Schedule E) \$82,762

NOTE 15 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2022, the City had the following assigned fund balances:

General fund:	
Finance director salaries	\$ 5,000
Finalize surveillance camera network project	21,500
BLETP training	8,000
Speed capturing devices	11,500
Extrication training	4,500
Salt	25,000
Paving	110,000
Road striping	22,000
Engineering	11,500
Planner	10,000
FY23 budget	 500,000
	\$ 729,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 16 - OVERLAPPING DEBT

The City is responsible for its proportionate share of the Kennebec County and MSAD No. 11's debt. Kennebec County has no outstanding debt. As of June 30, 2022, the City's share of MSAD No. 60's debt is as follows:

	Outstanding	Town's	Total
	Debt	Percentage	Share
MSAD No. 11	\$ 2,242,178	37.15%	\$ 832,969
			\$ 832,969

The City's proportionate share of the District's debt is paid through annual installments.

NOTE 17 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to limited torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. The City's property and casualty insurance is provided through Paquin & Carroll, LLC. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City.

The City is a member of the Maine Municipal Association - Worker Compensation Trust Fund ("Fund"). The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain lower costs for worker's compensation coverage and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The City pays an annual premium to the fund for its worker's compensation coverage. The City's agreement with the Fund provides that the fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide, through commercial companies' reinsurance contracts, coverage for claims in excess of \$1,000,000.

The City reimburses the Maine Department of Labor when the City has unemployment claims from present or former employees.

Based on the coverage provided by the insurance purchased, the City is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded as of June 30, 2022. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from that of the prior year and amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description

City employees contribute to the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Maine State Legislature. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan's advisory group, which reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend the terms. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

Benefits Provided

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The System's retirement programs provide defined retirement benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e., eligibility for benefits upon reaching qualification) occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit (effective October 1, 1999, the prior ten-year requirement was reduced by legislative action to five years for employees of PLDs). In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. For PLD members, normal retirement age is 60, 62 or 65. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. The System also provides disability and death benefits which are established by contract with PLD employers under applicable statutory provisions. As of June 30, 2021, there were 305 employers in the plan.

Upon termination of membership, members' accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and membership rights. The annual rate of interest credited to members' accounts is set by the System's Board of Trustees and is currently 0.93%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED

Contributions

Retirement benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers and by earnings on investments. Disability and death benefits are funded by employer normal cost contributions and by investment earnings. The City's 3C plan members are required to contribute 9.7% of their annual covered salary and the City's AC plan members are also required to contribute 7.05% (age 65) and 7.8% (age 60) of their annual salary. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 5.0% for the 1N plan, 13.4% for the 3C plan and 10.3% for the AC plan of covered payroll. The contribution rates of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the Maine Public Employee Retirement Systems advisory group. The City's contribution to the MainePERS PLD Consolidated Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$434,499.

Pension Liabilities

PLD Consolidated Plan

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability/(asset) of (\$191,080) for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities/(assets) for the plan. The net pension liabilities/(assets) were measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liabilities/(assets) used to calculate the net pension liabilities/(assets) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liabilities/(assets) based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to each pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30,2021, the City's proportion was 0.59460%, which was an increase of 0.04250% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized total pension revenue of \$433,482. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED

	PLD Plan				
	Defe	rred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	123,606	\$	12,987	
Changes of assumptions	•	641,632	•	, -	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate		-		2,604,495	
share of contributions		108,805		33,070	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		434,499			
Total	\$	1,308,542	\$	2,650,552	

\$434,499 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability/(asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		PLD Plan	
Plan year ended June 30:			
2022	\$	(263,732)	
2023		(196,164)	
2024		(592,876)	
2025		(723,737)	
2026		-	
Thereafter		_	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The collective total pension liability/(asset) for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age of his or her expected future salary. The normal cost for each member is the product of the member's pay and normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets when actual experience differs from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial valuation employs a technique for determining the actuarial value of assets which reduces the impact of short-term volatility in the market value. The specific technique adopted in this valuation recognizes in a given year one-third of the investment return that is different from the actuarial assumption for investment return.

Amortization

The net pension liability of the PLD Consolidated Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll using a method where a separate twenty-year closed period is established annually for the gain or loss for that year.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return - 6.50% per annum for the year ended June 30, 2021; compounded annually.

Salary Increases, Merit and Inflation - 2.75% to 11.48% per year

Mortality Rates - For the plan, the rates are based on the 2010 Public Plan General Benefits-Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, for males and females, projected generationally using the RPEC_2020 model.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED

Cost of Living Benefit Increases - 1.91%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table.

DI D DI---

	PLD Plan				
		Long-term Expected			
	Target	Real Rate of Return			
Asset Class	Allocation				
Public equities	30.0%	6.0%			
US Government	7.5%	2.3%			
Private equity	15.0%	7.6%			
Real assets:					
Real estate	10.0%	5.2%			
Infrastructure	10.0%	5.3%			
Natural resources	5.0%	5.0%			
Traditional Credit	7.5%	3.0%			
Alternative Credit	5.0%	7.2%			
Diversifiers	10.0%	5.9%			

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability/(asset) was 6.50% for 2021 for the Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and non-employer entity contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The following table shows how the collective net pension liability/(asset) as of June 30, 2021 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 6.50% for each of the Plans.

		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
PLD Plan: Discount rate		5.50%		6.50%		7.50%	
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$	2,719,183	\$	(191,080)	\$	(2,598,252)	

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Each employer's share of the collective net pension liability/(asset) is equal to the collective net pension liability/(asset) multiplied by the employer's proportionate share as of June 30, 2021 as shown in the schedules of employer and non-employer contributing entity allocations. Changes in net pension liability are recognized in pension expense for the year ended June 30,2021 with the following exceptions.

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resource. For 2021 and 2020, this was three years for the PLD Consolidated Plan. For 2019, this was four years for the PLD Consolidated Plan. For 2018 and 2017, this was three years; prior to 2017, this was four years for the PLD Consolidated Plan.

Differences between Expected and Actual Investment Earnings

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used for the year ended June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Please refer to the *Actuarial Methods and Assumptions* section for information relating to the use of assumptions.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions are recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report available online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

NOTE 19 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City of Gardiner, Maine offers all its employees not participating in Maine Public Employees Retirement a deferred compensation plan through MainePERS created in accordance with Internal Revenue (IRC) Section 457. The plan permits participating employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 19 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (CONTINUED)

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are solely the property and rights of the participants. All assets are protected by a trust arrangement from any claims on the City and from any use by the City other than paying benefits to employees and their beneficiaries in accordance with the plan.

It is the opinion of the City's management that the City has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description

City employees contribute to the Group Life Insurance Plan for Retired Participating Local District (PLD) (the PLD Consolidated Plan of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS)), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan established by the Maine State Legislature. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Participating Local District Consolidated Plan's advisory group, which reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend the terms. As of June 30, 2021, there were 137 employers participating in the plan. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

Benefits Provided

The Group Life Insurance Plan (the Plan) provides basic group life insurance benefits, during retirement, to retirees who participated in the Plan prior to retirement for a minimum of 10 years (the 10-year participation requirement does not apply to recipients of disability retirement benefits). The level of coverage in retirement is initially set to an amount equal to the retiree's average final compensation. The initial amount of basic life is then subsequently reduced at the rate of 15% per year to the greater of 40% of the initial amount or \$2,500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Life insurance benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers. Premium rates are those determined by the MainePERS's Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims. For state employees, the premiums for retiree life insurance coverage are factored into the premiums paid for basic coverage while participants are active members. Premiums for basic life insurance coverage for retired teachers are paid by the State as the total dollar amount of each year's annual required contribution. PLD employers are required to remit a premium of \$0.46 per \$1,000 of coverage for covered active employees, a portion of which is to provide a level of coverage in retirement. PLD employers with retired PLD employees continue to remit a premium of \$0.46 per \$1,000 of coverage per month during the post-employment retired period. The City's contribution to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$2,494.

Proportionate Net OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$47,361 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liabilities for the PLD Plan. The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities were based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the PLD Plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.45874%, which was a decrease of 0.06356% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized total OPEB revenue of \$12,003 for the PLD plan. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

	PLD Life Insurance				
	Deferre	ed Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources		of F	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,352	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		7,990		31,937	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of		-		14,537	
contributions		7,973		12,962	
Contributions subsequent to the		•		ŕ	
measurement date		2,494			
Total	\$	23,809	\$	59,436	

\$2,494 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 PLD PLD		
Plan year ended December 31:			
2022	\$ (11,154)		
2023	(6,040)		
2024	(7,654)		
2025	(10,840)		
2026	(1,216)		
Thereafter	(1,216)		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The collective total OPEB liability for the PLD Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the Plan, of the member's projected future benefits and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of his or her expected future salary. The normal cost for each employee is the product of his or her pay and his or her normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets when actual experience differs from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Asset Valuation Method

Investments are reported at fair value.

Amortization

The net OPEB liability of the Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll over a thirty-year period on a closed basis. As of June 30, 2021, there were 9 years remaining for the Plan.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the period of June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2020.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return - For the PLD Plan, 6.50% per annum, compounded annually.

Inflation Rate - 2.75%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Annual Salary Increases including Inflation - For the PLD Plan, 2.75% to 11.48% per year.

Mortality Rates - For active members and non-disabled retirees of the Plan, the 2010 Public Plan General Benefits - Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, for males and females, projected generationally using the RPEC_2020 model is used.

Participation Rate for Future Retirees - 100% of those currently enrolled.

Conversion Charges - Apply to the cost of active group life insurance, not retiree group life insurance.

Form of Benefit Payment - Lump sum

The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of long-term real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table. Assets for the defined benefit plan are comingled for investment purposes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return		
Public equities	70.00%	6.00%		
Real estate	5.00%	5.20%		
Traditional credit	15.00%	3.00%		
US Government securities	10.00%	2.30%		
Total	100.00%			

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total OPEB liability was 6.50% for 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The following table shows how the collective net OPEB liability/(asset) as of June 30, 2021 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 6.50% for the PLD Plan.

	De	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
PLD Life Insurance: Discount rate		5.50%		6.50%		7.50%	
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	70,305	\$	47,361	\$	28,955	

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Each employer's share of the collective net OPEB liability is equal to the collective net OPEB liability multiplied by the employer's proportionate share as of June 30, 2021 as shown in the schedules of employer and non-employer contributing entity allocations. Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2021 with the following exceptions:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the discount rate used for the PLD Consolidated Plan was reduced from 6.75% to 6.50%. In addition, assumptions related to salary increases, rates of terminations, mortality and age of retirement were updated to reflect the results of an experience study conducted in 2021.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability. There were no differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions as of June 30, 2021.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report available online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

NOTE 21 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

MAINE MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' HEALTH TRUST

Plan Description

The City and City retirees contribute to the City's OPEB Plan with the Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT), a single employer defined benefit plan. Contributions and membership in this Plan are voluntary and may be terminated at any time by the City and/or the City retirees. MMEHT is a fully funded, self-insured trust

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 21 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

which provides benefits to municipal and quasi-municipal organizations and county governments and acts as the agent to the City concerning administration of this Plan. Title 24-A Chapter 81 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated authorizes the regulation of MMEHT as a Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement by the State of Maine Bureau of Insurance. Benefits and plans are designed and governed by MMEHT participants and are administered by a number of third-party administrators contracted by MMEHT. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criterial of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. MMEHT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by MMEHT at (800) 852-8300.

Benefits Provided

This Plan provides medical/prescription drug benefits during retirement to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees and their surviving spouses with varying levels of benefits determined by voluntary plan selection by the retiree as well as applicable Medicare statutes and regulations. The Plan also provides an automatic life insurance benefit of \$2,000 to participants which includes a surviving spouse benefit for the same. The employee must meet the minimum requirement of age 55 with at least 5 years of service at retirement to be eligible for the Plan. The retiree must enroll when first eligible and continue coverage without interruption.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At January 1, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active members	43
Retirees and spouses	2
Total	45

Contributions

Retiree and spouse premium amounts are funded by the retiree at the rate for the coverage elected by the retiree. Premium rates are those determined by the MMEHT's Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims. Premiums for retiree life insurance coverage are factored into the premiums paid for basic coverage. Retirees and spouses must contribute 100% of the premium amounts. The sponsoring employer pays the remainder of the premium. Medical benefits are provided for the life of the retiree and surviving spouses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 21 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Retiree Premium Amounts:

The following monthly premium amounts were reported on the individual data file. Actual plan election was reflected in expected retiree premium amounts.

<u>Pre-Medicare</u>	Single Coverage	Family Coverage
PPO 500	\$882.84	\$1,980.35
<u>Medicare</u>		
Medicare-eligible Retirees	\$600.50	\$1,201.00

Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$482,978 for its total OPEB liability for this Plan. The total OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's total OPEB liability was based on the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method which does not reflect future changes in benefits, subsidies, penalties, taxes or administrative costs that may be required as a result of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (ACA) related legislation and regulations.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$47,318. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	MMEHT							
	Defer	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows					
	of F	Resources	of Resources					
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	\$	15,457	\$	184,404				
Changes of assumptions		148,205		25,288				
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		-				
Contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		8,576						
				<u></u>				
Total	\$	172,238	\$	209,692				

\$8,576 were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 21 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	N	MEHT
Plan year ended December 31:		
2023	\$	6,698
2024		6,698
2025		6,698
2026		6,694
2027		(6,003)
Thereafter		(66,815)

Discount Rate

The discount rate is the assumed interest rate used for converting projected dollar related values to a present value as of the valuation date of January 1, 2022. The discount rate determination is based on the high-quality AA/Aa or higher bond yields in effect for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds using the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index. The rate of 2.06% per annum for June 30, 2022 was based upon a measurement date of December 31, 2021. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

	1% Decrease			Discount Rate	1% Increase		
		1.06%		2.06%	3.06%		
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	577,488 -	\$	482,978	\$	407,426	
Net OPEB liability	\$	577,488	\$	482,978	\$ 407,426		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%	0.00%			0.00%	

Healthcare Trend

The healthcare trend is the assumed dollar increase in dollar-related values in the future due to the increase in the cost of health care. The healthcare cost trend rate is the rate of change in per capita health claim costs over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design and technological developments. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 21 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

		1% ecrease		ealthcare end Rates	1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position Net OPEB liability	\$	398,449 	\$ 	482,978 	\$	595,021 - 595,021	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	Ψ	0.00%	Ψ	0.00%		0.00%	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

For medical and pharmacy, historical claims and census records were assembled and provided through June 30, 2021. Medicare and non-Medicare eligible medical and prescription experience were analyzed. It was assumed that current enrollment distribution of benefit options would remain constant in the future for retirees. The cost was distributed based on the current covered population and the actuary's standard age curves which vary by age, gender and Medicare status. Children costs are converted to a load on the non-Medicare retirees which implicitly assumes that future retirees will have the same child distribution as current retirees.

Amortization

The total OPEB liability of this Plan is amortized on an open 30-year period. The amortization method is a level dollar amortization method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 21 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation were adopted by the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts as of June 30, 2021 and based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020. As of January 1, 2021, they are as follows:

Discount Rate - 2.06% per annum for year end 2022 reporting. 2.12% per annum for year end 2021 reporting.

Trend Assumptions:

Medical Trend assumptions were developed using the Society of Actuaries (SOA) Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model. The SOA model was released in December 2007 and version 2022_b was used for this valuation. The following assumptions were input into this model:

<u>Variable</u>	Rate
Rate of Inflation	2.40%
Rate of Growth in Real Income/GDP per capital 2031+	1.10%
Extra Trend due to Taste/Technology 2031+	1.00%
Expected Health Share of GDP 2031	19.00%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	20.00%
Year for Limiting Cost Growth to GDP Growth	2042

The SOA Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model and its baseline projection are based on an econometric analysis of historical U.S. medical expenditures and the judgements of experts in the field. The long-run baseline projection and input variables have been developed under the guidance of the SOA Project Oversight Group. The rate for the extra trend for taste and technology was set above the baseline of 1.1% (to 1.2%) to move closer to the 30-year average to reflect the future projections from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Office of the Actuary (CMS OACT). The Medicare Trustee Report and CBO Long-Term Budget Outlook.

The trends selected from 2022 to 2025 were based on plan design, population weighting, renewal projections and market analysis. For years 2026 to 2030, these are interpolated from 2025 to 2031 (which is the product of the inflation, GDP and extra trend rate assumptions).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 21 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Deductibles, Co-payments and Out of Pocket Maximums are assumed to increase at the above trend rates. The ultimate trend rate reflects an assumed nominal per capital GDP growth.

Administrative and claims expense - 3% per annum.

Future plan changes - Assumes that the current Plan and cost-sharing structure remain in place for all future years.

Retirement Rates - Rates vary for plans with no explicit employer subsidy (or payment) versus those plans defining an explicit employer subsidy (or payment). The rates are based on assumptions from the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2021.

Retirement Contribution Increases - Assumed to increase at the same rate as incurred claims. A constant cost sharing in plan design between employer and employees is assumed.

Family Enrollment Composition - For males, 50% of future retirees under the age of 65 and 50% of current retirees are married and elect spousal coverage while females are at 30% for both. 25% of male and female future retirees over the age of 65 are married and elect spousal coverage.

Age Difference of Spouses - Husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than wives.

Administrative expenses - Included in the per capita claims cost.

Disability Incidence - Disabled lives will be considered active employees and will not be valued separately.

Salary Increase Rate - 2.75% per year assumed using the level percentage of pay entry age method.

Dates of Hire - Needed to be assumed for some employees and will be based on the average age at hire for similar employees.

Rate of Mortality:

Healthy Annuitant - Based on 112% and 118.5% of the 2010 Public Plan General Benefits-Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, respectively, for males and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 21 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

females. The proposed rates are projected generationally using the RPEC_2020 model, with an ultimate rate of 1.00% for ages 80 and under, grading down to 0.05% at age 95 and further grading down to 0.00% at age 115, along with convergence to the ultimate rates in the year 2027. All other parameters used in the RPEC_2020 model are those included in the published MP-2020 scale. As prescribed by the Trust, mortality rates were taken from the assumptions for the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts at June 30, 2021.

Active Employees - Rates of mortality are based on 83.5% and 88.6% of the 2010 Public Plan General Benefits- Weighted Employee Mortality Table, respectively, for males and females. These rates are generationally projected using the same version of the RPEC_2020 model as described in the healthy annuitant mortality. As prescribed by the Trust, mortality rates were taken from the assumptions for the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts at June 30, 2021.

Retiree Continuation Percentage:

Medicare participant retirees - 100% assumed to continue in the plan elected

Pre-Medicare plan retirees and active participants - 75% assumed to continue coverage once Medicare-eligible

Pre-Medicare plan spouses and spouses of active participants - 50% assumed to continue coverage once Medicare-eligible

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 with the following exceptions:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The difference between expected and actual experience as of January 1, 2022 was (\$4,711).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 21 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation were adopted by the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts as of June 30, 2021 and based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to this Plan can be found at the City office at 6 Church Street, Gardiner, Maine 04345.

NOTE 22 - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT

The City has established eight tax increment financing districts under the terms of applicable state laws, which are accounted for in the TIF Fund. Additionally, the City enters into property tax abatement agreements in the form of credit enhancement agreements (CEA's) with local businesses and individuals, as authorized by the State of Maine Department of Economic and Community Development, for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within the City, promoting economic development through real estate development and job creation, as well as infrastructure improvements. The CEA's outline conditions for the reimbursement of a percentage of the tax revenues generated through the increased values of certain parcels within the district. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City remitted a total of \$59,196 in credit enhancement payments. The following details each TIF district within the City as well as the terms and amounts of credit enhancement agreements within each TIF district.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 22 - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT (CONTINUED)

The City established the **Libby Hill Area Wide Tax Incremental Financing District** in the spring of 2009. This thirty-year TIF includes all the remaining lots within Libby Hill Phase I and Phase II that were not already in a separate TIF agreement as of that date. Credit enhancement agreements are decided on a case-by-case basis. Any captured assessed value will be applied to debt service on Libby Hill and economic development expenditures. Total credit enhancement payments made during the year by the City to the developers totaled \$13,620.

The City established the **Harper's II LLC Municipal Development Tax Incremental Financing District** on March 23, 2001, for the purpose of economic development in the Libby Hill Business Park. The TIF will help offset the specific costs of the high-tech facility by paying for a portion of the marginal increase in debt service. This District was amended in 2011 to 30 years and increased by 24.86 acres to include all Business Park roads and infrastructure areas. Fiscal year 2020 was the final year of the credit enhancement agreement for this district and, therefore, the City now retains 100% of the tax payments to be used in their entirety towards economic development.

The City established the **Downtown Municipal Development Tax Incremental Financing District** on March 20, 2003, for the purpose of improving the downtown area. The TIF will fund debt service payments for a bond issued for downtown improvements. The TIF was designated for 10 years or until the project costs are expended. This District was amended in 2009 to 30 years and increased in size to include City owned areas including the City Common and portions of Church and School Streets leading to the downtown area. A credit enhancement agreement is in place for Johnson Hall with 100% reimbursement through fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, changing to 100% reimbursement of the tax payment that exceeds \$19,000 through fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. The credit enhancement agreement for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$6,553.

The City established the **Pine State Trading Municipal Development Tax Incremental Financing District** on March 30, 2004, for the purpose of economic development in the Libby Hill Business Park. The TIF will help offset the costs of a new building by paying for a portion of the project. The TIF was designated for 10 years and 50% of the captured assessed value will be applied to the Credit Enhancement Agreement. This District was amended in 2011 to 30 years and increased by 24.86 acres to include all Business Park roads and infrastructure areas. Fiscal year 2014 was the final year of the credit enhancement agreement for this district and, therefore, the City now retains 100% of the tax payments to be used in their entirety towards economic development.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 22 - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT (CONTINUED)

The City established the **EJ Prescott Tax Incremental Financing District** in March 2005. The TIF was designated as follows: 75% of the captured assessed value to be paid to developers for years one through six and 50% for years seven through ten. This District was amended in 2011 to 30 years and increased by 24.86 acres to include all Business Park roads and infrastructure areas. Fiscal year 2015 was the final year of the credit enhancement agreement for this district and, therefore, the City now retains 100% of the tax payments to be used in their entirety towards economic development.

The City established the **Associated Grocers Tax Incremental Financing District** in 2006, encompassing the facility's 40,000 square foot expansion completed in 2005. This District was amended in 2011 to 30 years and increased by 24.88 acres to include all Business Park roads and infrastructure areas, as well as a fire suppression system that supports the property. This property is owned by Stag Industrial Holdings and is occupied by Core Mark. Fiscal year 2011 was the final year of the credit enhancement agreement for this District due to foreclosure sale and, therefore, the City now retains 100% of the tax payments to be used in their entirety towards economic development.

The City established the **Summer Street Affordable Housing Municipal Development and Tax Increment Financing District** on October 6, 2016, to assist with the proposed development of a senior housing project and a workforce housing project. The TIF is for thirty years. The District was amended in fiscal year 2019 and now encompasses 1.75 acres located at 58-60 Summer Street and 59 Summer Street. An area of the District was removed and returned to the Downtown Tax Increment Financing District for construction of a Kidney Dialysis Center upon approval from the Maine State Housing Authority and the Department of Economic Development. Total credit enhancement payments made during the year by the City to the developer totaled \$6,761.

The City established the **Central Maine Crossing Omnibus Municipal Development and Tax Increment Financing District** on March 23, 2020. The District is comprised of 6 parcel, 23.19 acre commercially zoned subdivision. The Term of the District is 30 years at 100% capture of the districts increased assessed value. The City intends to utilize its portion of the captured tax to fund infrastructure development and public safety facilities and equipment related to the establishment of the district, as well as quality childcare cost and administrative costs related to economic development. There is currently one credit enhancement agreement in place for lot 2 of the district, which is occupied by the Maine General Health Medical Care Facility. The agreement term is for 10 years starting in FY21 and includes 40% of captured tax reimbursed to the developer with the possibility of an additional 20% reimbursement if certain benchmarks are met by the developer. The intent of the CEA is to assist in the road buildout costs

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 22 - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT (CONTINUED)

associated with the remainder of the District in order to secure future development. Total credit enhancement payments were withheld during the year by the City to the developer totaled \$32,262 pending confirmation of developer road expenses.

	TIF	2021	ORIGINAL		CAPTURE	APPROVED	TIF		CEA
TIF DISTRICT	YEAR	ASSESSMENT	VALUE	INCREMENT	RATE	CAPTURE	PAYMENT	CEA %	DISBURSEMENT
PINE STATE TRADING	18	\$ 7,427,900	\$ 202,100	\$ 7,225,800	\$ 1.00	\$ 7,225,800	\$ 156,800	0%	\$ -
HARPERS	21	2,416,100	-	2,416,100	1.00	2,416,100	52,429	0%	-
EJ PRESCOTT	17	7,350,600	401,500	6,949,100	1.00	6,949,100	150,795	0%	-
DOWNTOWN	19	34,573,000	23,253,600	11,319,400	1.00	11,319,400	245,631	VARIOUS	6,553
ASSOCIATED GROCERS	16	2,171,900	26,400	2,145,500	1.00	2,145,500	46,557	0%	-
CENTRAL MAINE CROSSING	2	4,009,400	169,000	3,840,400	1.00	3,840,400	83,337	VARIOUS	32,262
SUMMER ST AFF HOUS	5	791,200	168,100	623,100	1.00	623,100	13,521	50%	6,761
LIBBY HILL AREA TIF	13	7,414,900	297,300	7,117,600	1.00	7,117,600	154,452	VARIOUS	13,620

NOTE 23 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City participates in numerous State and Federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the City has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2022 may be impaired. In the opinion of the City, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

Fuel Depot

The City and School Administrative No. 11 entered into a ten-year inter-local agreement on February 7, 2016. The City (\$3,000) and School (\$7,000) make annual payments into a capital improvement fund that the school administers. The agreement may be extended once for a term of ten years.

IT Support Services

On March 30, 2017 and updated on April 12, 2022, the City entered into a technology maintenance and service contract with A Partner in Technology. The fiscal year contract amount is \$26,400 for a prepaid block of 240 hours.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 24 - JOINT VENTURE

The City of Gardiner, Maine has entered into a joint venture with a number of other municipalities. This joint venture is considered to be a separate reporting entity and has not been included within the financial statements of the City. The joint venture is as follows:

<u>FirstPark</u>

Kennebec Regional Development Authority (FirstPark) was formed in 1998 through an act of the Maine State Legislature. Its primary purposes according to the act were to strengthen the financial condition of local governments within the geographic territory of the Authority, while combining resources and sharing costs for meeting regional and economic development needs and challenges; to promote and develop infrastructure and programs for employment and economic development opportunities and other conditions to positively affect regional development. The intent was that the members would fund the startup costs and then benefit from the subsequent tax revenues. There are currently 24 local governments who are members of the Authority, including the City of Gardiner, Maine. The Authority derives most of its revenue from participants, but also receives some grant revenues from the State of Maine. In fiscal year 2022, the City of Gardiner, Maine contributed \$21,541. However, the City received a portion of the tax revenues generated, which amounted to \$25,081 in fiscal year 2022. for a net reimbursement of \$3,540. Complete financial statements may be obtained from Kennebec Regional Development Authority/FirstPark at P.O. Box 246, Oakland, Maine 04963.

NOTE 25 - LETTER OF CREDIT

At June 30, 2022, the City has an outstanding irrevocable standby letter of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston serving as collateral for its deposits held at Camden National Bank. This letter of credit, which expires at the close of business on December 15, 2022 authorizes one draw only up to the amount of \$5,500,000. There were no draws for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 26 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the City's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 27 - OPERATING LEASE

Leasing arrangement where the Town is the Lessor

On April 2, 2019 the City entered into a five-year agreement with Kennebec County to share a building, communications equipment and a communications tower for an annual fee of \$2,000. The agreement may be renewed for two additional five-year terms.

NOTE 28 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The City had the following deficit fund balance at June 30, 2022:

Nonmajor capital projects funds (Schedule E): Libby Hill tower

\$ 22,752

NOTE 29 - RESTATEMENT

In 2022, the City determined that certain prior year transactions were recorded incorrectly or omitted. The capital fund beginning fund balance increased by \$43,045 due to a reduction in accounts payable. The beginning capital fund balance increased from \$235,558 to \$278,603. The City pledged \$150,000 in 2017 to Johnson Hall, Inc. The notes from direct borrowings increased by \$150,000 and reduced the beginning net position by \$150,000. The beginning net position for these restatements decreased by \$106,955 from \$11,216,717 to \$11,109,762.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
- Schedule of Contributions Pension
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Life Insurance
- Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability Health Plan
- Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Plan
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual	Variance Positive		
		Original	Final			Amounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$	3,090,737	\$	3,090,737	\$	3,090,737	\$	-	
Taxes: Property taxes		7,171,735		7,171,735		6,922,108		(249,627)	
Excise taxes		1,150,000		1,150,000		1,178,177		28,177	
Intergovernmental Revenues:		1, 100,000		1,100,000		1,170,177		20,177	
State revenue sharing		949,045		949,045		1,213,053		264,008	
Homestead reimbursement		429,196		429,196		428,218		(978)	
BETE reimbursement		118,913		118,913		119,009		96	
Urban rural initiative		70,000		70,000		72,712		2,712	
Tree growth		3,050		3,050		4,345		1,295	
Veterans' reimbursement		6,100		6,100		6,002		(98)	
Library		116,981		116,981		116,983		2	
Other		66,415		66,415		61,339		(5,076)	
Investment income		10,000		10,000		16,902		6,902	
Interest on taxes/lien costs		52,000		52,000		63,377		11,377	
Licenses and permits		95,000		95,000		104,110		9,110	
Charges for services Miscellaneous revenues		45,000 159,935		45,000 159,935		54,330 108,117		9,330 (51,818)	
Transfers from other funds		153,736		153,736		313,736		160,000	
Amounts Available for Appropriation		13,687,843		13,687,843	_	13,873,255		185,412	
/ induite / ivaliable for / ippropriation		10,007,010		10,007,010		10,070,200		100,112	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):									
General government		814,489		814,489		746,025		68,464	
Technology		142,273		142,273		118,988		23,285	
Public safety		2,538,135		2,538,135		2,354,708		183,427	
Public works		1,716,829		1,716,829		1,246,977		469,852	
Community services		1,012,347		1,012,347		943,106		69,241	
Education		3,838,596		3,838,596		3,838,596		-	
County tax Unclassified		414,000		414,000		414,000		70 242	
Debt service:		78,343		278,343		200,000		78,343	
Principal		439,843		439,843		425,246		14,597	
Interest		148,851		148,851		148,851		14,557	
Transfers to other funds		35,000		35,000		35,000		_	
Total Charges to Appropriations		11,178,706		11,378,706		10,471,497		907,209	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	2,509,137	\$	2,309,137	\$	3,401,758	\$	1,092,621	
Carryforward of fund balance	\$	76,600	\$	76,600	\$	_	\$	(76,600)	
Utilization of Assigned Fund Balance	-	505,000	•	505,000	•	-	•	(505,000)	
Utilization of Unassigned Fund Balance		<u> </u>	_	200,000	_		_	(200,000)	
	\$	581,600	\$	781,600	\$	-	\$	(781,600)	

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
PLD Plan:									
Proportion of the net pension liability/(asset) Proportionate share of the net pension	0.59%	0.55%	0.58%	0.57%	0.53%	0.53%	0.63%	0.65%	0.00%
liability/(asset)	\$ (191,080)	\$ 2,193,688	\$ 1,779,402	\$ 1,559,572	\$ 2,152,665	\$ 3,093,407	\$ 1,999,226	\$ 998,790	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 3,485,950	\$ 3,110,220	\$ 3,108,117	\$ 2,870,972	\$ 2,577,844	\$ 2,695,361	\$ 2,639,319	\$ 2,465,972	\$ -
Proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of its									
covered payroll	-5.48%	70.53%	57.25%	54.32%	83.51%	114.77%	75.75%	40.50%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability/(asset)	100.86%	88.35%	90.62%	91.14%	86.43%	86.40%	81.61%	88.30%	87.50%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

DI D Diam.	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
PLD Plan:									
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 434,499	\$ 406,826	\$ 356,845	\$ 356,859	\$ 316,342	\$ 270,778	\$ 274,365	\$ 248,767	\$ 208,632
required contribution	(434,499)	(406,826)	(356,845)	(356,859)	(316,342)	(270,778)	(274,365)	(248,767)	(208,632)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$ 3,707,561	\$ 3,485,950	\$ 3,110,220	\$ 3,108,117	\$ 2,870,972	\$ 2,577,844	\$ 2,695,361	\$ 2,639,319	\$ 2,465,972
payroll	11.72%	11.67%	11.47%	11.48%	11.02%	10.50%	10.18%	9.43%	8.46%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LIFE INSURANCE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

PLD Life Insurance:	 2022	2021		2020		2019		2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 0.46% 47,361	\$ 0.52% 68,908	\$	0.51% 109,787	\$	0.45% 91,492	\$	0.48% 79,786
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town Total	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ - - -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- - -	\$	- -
Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee	\$ 3,485,950	\$ 3,110,220	\$3	3,108,117	\$2	,870,972	\$ 2	2,577,844
payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	1.36%	2.22%		3.53%		3.19%		3.10%
total OPEB liability	48.68%	55.40%		43.18%		43.92%		47.42%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY HEALTH PLAN FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPER liability										
Total OPEB liability Service cost (BOY)	\$	30,551	\$	26,345	\$	19,189	\$	21,419	\$	15,133
Interest (includes interest on service cost)	Ψ	13,648	Ψ	15,623	Ψ	19,207	Ψ	16,804	Ψ	13,130
Changes of benefit terms		-		10,020		(11,551)		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(194,875)		_		(8,655)		_		34,782
Changes of assumptions		26,365		39,084		87,433		(45,520)		79,541
Benefit payments, including refunds of member		-,		,		- ,		(-,,		- , -
contributions		(11,849)		(11,393)		(10,729)		(10,316)		(5,165)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(136,160)	\$	69,659	\$	94,894	\$	(17,613)	\$	137,421
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$	619,138	\$	549,479	\$	454,585	\$	472,198	\$	334,777
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	482,978	\$	619,138	\$	549,479	\$	454,585	\$	472,198
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	11,849	\$	11,393	\$	10,729	\$	10,316		5,165
Contributions - member		-		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member										
contributions		(11,849)		(11,393)		(10,729)		(10,316)		(5,165)
Administrative expense		-		-		-		-		-
Net change in fiduciary net position	-									
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	482,978	\$	619,138	\$	549,479	\$	454,585	\$	472,198
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		-		-		-		-		-
Covered payroll Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	2,188,883 22.1%	\$	2,482,628 24.9%	\$2	2,482,628 22.1%	\$2	2,025,392 22.4%	\$	2,025,392 23.3%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - HEALTH PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability										
Service cost (BOY)	\$	30,551	\$	26,345	\$	19,189	\$	21,419	\$	15,133
Interest (includes interest on service cost)		13,648		15,623		19,207		16,804		13,130
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		(11,551)		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(194,875)		-		(8,655)		- -		34,782
Changes of assumptions		26,365		39,084		87,433		(45,520)		79,541
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(11.040)		(44.202)		(40.700)		(40.246)		(F 10F)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(11,849) (136,160)	\$	(11,393) 69,659	\$	(10,729) 94,894	\$	(10,316)	\$	(5,165) 137,421
Net change in total OF Lb liability	Ψ	(130,100)	Ψ	09,039	Ψ	34,034	Ψ	(17,013)	Ψ	137,421
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$	619,138	\$	549,479	\$	454,585	\$	472,198	\$	334,777
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	482,978	\$	619,138	\$,	\$	454,585	\$	472,198
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	11,849	\$	11,393	\$	10,729	\$	10,316		5,165
Contributions - member		-		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member		(44.040)		(44.000)		(40.700)		(40.040)		(5.405)
contributions Administrative expense		(11,849)		(11,393)		(10,729)		(10,316)		(5,165)
Net change in fiduciary net position		_		_		_				
Not only of inductory not position	-								-	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	482,978	\$	619,138	\$	549,479	\$	454,585	\$	472,198
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		-		-		-		-		-
Covered payroll	\$	2,188,883	\$	2,482,628	\$2	2,482,628	\$2	2,025,392	\$ 2	2,025,392
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		22.1%		24.9%		22.1%		22.4%		23.3%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

MMEHT - Health Plan:	-	20	22		2021		202	0	2	2019	2	2018
Employer contributions Benefit payments Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	\$ (11,849 11,849) -	\$	11,39 (11,39			,729 ,729) <u>-</u>	\$	10,316 (10,316) -	\$	5,165 (5,165)
Covered payroll		\$ 2,1	88,883	\$	2,482,62	28 \$	2,482	,628	\$2,0	025,392	\$ 2,	025,392
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll			0.54%		0.46	6%	0	.43%		0.51%		0.26%
* The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for t	hose ye	ears for	which inf	ormat	ion is ava	ailable.						
PLD Life Insurance:	20)22	20)21		2020	_	2019		2018		2017
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	2,494	\$	1,85		1,904		2,296		2,000	\$	2,034

Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (2,494)	 (1,855)	(1,904)	(2,296)	(2,000)	(2,034)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$ 3,707,561	\$ 3,485,950	\$3,110,220	\$3,108,117	\$ 2,870,972	\$ 2,577,844
employee payroll	0.07%	0.05%	0.06%	0.07%	0.07%	0.08%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Changes of Assumptions

MEPERS PLD Plan:

The discount rate was reduced from 6.75% to 6.50%.

The investment rate of return changed from 6.75% to 6.50%.

In addition, the salary increases for the plan, increased from 2.75% to 2.75% - 11.48% per year.

PLD OPEB:

The discount rate was reduced from 6.75% to 6.50%.

The investment rate of return changed from 6.75% to 6.50%.

The annual salary increases, including inflation changed from 2.75% plus merit component based on each employee's years of service to 2.75% - 11.48%.

Mortality Rates

2021 Valuation: Based on the 2010 Public Plan General Benefits-Weighted

Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, for males and females,

projected generationally using the RPEC_2020 model

2020 Valuation: For active members and non-disabled retirees, the RP2014

Total Dataset healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used. For all recipients of disability benefits, the RP2014 Total Dataset Disabled Annuitant Mortality

Table, for males and females, is used.

MMEHT OPEB Plan:

The discount rate was updated to reflect the December 30, 2021 Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index. The ultimate trend assumption was reduced to reflect the reduction in the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index.

The following demographic assumptions were updated based on the June 30, 2021 experience study:

Mortality, termination, retirement and salary rates.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

MMEHT OPEB Plan (Continued)

The enrollment participation for plans with no employer subsidy was update for ages 65-70.

There was a change in the discount rate from 2.12% to 2.06% per GASB 75 discount rate selection. In addition, medical and prescription drug trend arrays were updated.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Special	Capital			Tot	al Nonmajor
	F	Revenue	Projects	Permanent		Go	overnmental
		Funds	 Funds		Funds		Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	58,300	\$ -	\$	77,610	\$	135,910
Investments		-	-		321,236		321,236
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)		14,604	-		-		14,604
Notes receivable (net of allowance)		12,379	-		-		12,379
Due from other funds		530,332	 343,499				873,831
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	615,615	\$ 343,499	\$	398,846	\$	1,357,960
			_		_		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	78,051	\$ 260,737	\$	-	\$	338,788
Due to other funds		20,824					20,824
TOTAL LIABILITIES		98,875	260,737		-		359,612
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		-	-		307,399		307,399
Restricted		539,492	-		91,447		630,939
Committed		-	82,762		-		82,762
Assigned		-	-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		(22,752)					(22,752)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		516,740	82,762		398,846		998,348
		·					
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND							
BALANCES	\$	615,615	\$ 343,499	\$	398,846	\$	1,357,960

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds		Permanent Funds			al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES	\$	4,345	\$		\$		\$	4,345
Intergovernmental Taxes	φ	887,392	Φ	<u>-</u>	Φ	-	Φ	4,343 887,392
Charges for services		6,000		_		_		6,000
Investment income		1,717		-		1,488		3,205
Other		417,053		65,661		-, 100		482,714
TOTAL REVENUES		1,316,507		65,661		1,488		1,383,656
EXPENDITURES								
General government		357,707		-		-		357,707
Public works		4,111		396,502		-		400,613
Community services		122,599		-		-		122,599
Debt Service:								
Principal		241,466		-		-		241,466
Unclassified				<u> </u>		16,435		16,435
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		725,883		396,502		16,435		1,138,820
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		590,624		(330,841)		(14,947)		244,836
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		135,000		-		135,000
Transfers (out)		(285,000)						(285,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(285,000)		135,000				(150,000)
SOURCES (USES)		(205,000)		135,000				(150,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		305,624		(195,841)		(14,947)		94,836
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, RESTATED		211,116		278,603		413,793		903,512
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	516,740	\$	82,762	\$	398,846	\$	998,348

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	20 Revolving Loan Fund	21 Development and Planning	23 TIF Funds	24 Public Safety Grants	25 Libby Hill Tower
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net of allowance) Notes receivable (net of allowance) Due from other funds	\$36,267 - 12,379	\$ - - - 80,506	\$ - - - 184,652	\$ - 7,170 - 217,115	\$ - - -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$48,646	\$ 80,506	\$ 184,652	\$ 224,285	\$ -
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 65,304 - 65,304	\$ 8,635 - 8,635	\$ 2,112 20,640 22,752
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	48,646 - - - 48,646	80,506 - - - - 80,506	119,348 - - - 119,348	215,650 - - - 215,650	- - - (22,752) (22,752)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$48,646	\$ 80,506	\$ 184,652	\$ 224,285	\$ -

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	26 27		28		29 New					
	F	Private			Bra	adstreet		Mills		
	(Grants	We	ellness		Fund		Dam		Total
ASSETS	-									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,033	\$	58,300
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)		7,250		184		-		-		14,604
Notes receivable (net of allowance)		-		-		-		-		12,379
Due from other funds		35,499		-		1,800		10,760		530,332
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	42,749	\$	184	\$	1,800	\$	32,793	\$	615,615
LIABILITIES	•	0.000	•		•		•		•	70.054
Accounts payable	\$	2,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	78,051
Due to other funds				184		-		-		20,824
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,000		184				-		98,875
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)										
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted		40,749		_		1,800		32,793		539,492
Committed		-		_		-		-		-
Assigned		_		_		_		_		_
Unassigned		_		_		_		_		(22,752)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		40,749		_		1,800		32,793		516,740
•										
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND										
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	42,749	\$	184	\$	1,800	\$	32,793	\$	615,615

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	20 21 Revolving Development Loan and Fund Planning		23 TIF Funds	24 Public Safety Grants	25 Libby Hill Tower	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Taxes Charges for services Investment income Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$ - - 1,717 - 1,717		- - - - 7,833 7,833	\$ - 887,392 - 21,154 908,546	\$ 4,345 - - 233,364 237,709	\$ - 6,000 - - - 6,000
EXPENDITURES General government Public works Community services Debt Service: Principal TOTAL EXPENDITURES	- - - -		- 2,328 - 2,328	362,718 - - 241,466 604,184	22,059 22,059	(5,011) - - - (5,011)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,717	3	5,505	304,362	215,650	11,011
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(25,000) (25,000)		- - -	(260,000)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	(23,283)	3	5,505	44,362	215,650	11,011
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	71,929	4	5,001	74,986		(33,763)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$48,646	\$ 80	0,506	\$ 119,348	\$215,650	\$ (22,752)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	26	27	28	29	
	Private		Bradstreet	New Mills	
	Grants	Wellness	Fund	Dam	Total
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,345
Taxes	-	· -	-	-	887,392
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	6,000
Investment income	-	-	-	-	1,717
Other	43,626	664	6,362	14,050	417,053
TOTAL REVENUES	43,626	664	6,362	14,050	1,316,507
EVDENDITUDES					
EXPENDITURES General government					357,707
Public works	<u>-</u>	_	-	- 4,111	4,111
Community services	32,836	814	4,562	- ,,,,,	122,599
Debt Service:	02,000	014	1,002		122,000
Principal	_	_	_	_	241,466
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	32,836	814	4,562	4,111	725,883
					·
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	10,790	(150)	1,800	9,939	590,624
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	(005.000)
Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					(285,000)
SOURCES (USES)	_	_	_	_	(285,000)
00011020 (0020)					(200,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	10,790	(150)	1,800	9,939	305,624
	20.050	450		00.054	044 440
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	29,959	150		22,854	211,116
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ 40,749	\$ -	\$ 1,800	\$ 32,793	\$ 516,740

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Capital
	Projects
	Fund
ASSETS	
Due from other funds	\$ 343,499
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 343,499
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 260,737
TOTAL LIABILITIES	260,737
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
FUND BALANCES	
Nonspendable	_
Restricted	_
Committed	82,762
Assigned	, -
Unassigned	_
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	82,762
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND	
BALANCES	\$ 343,499

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Capital Projects Fund
REVENUES Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 65,661 65,661
EXPENDITURES Public works TOTAL EXPENDITURES	396,502 396,502
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(330,841)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	135,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	135,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(195,841)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, RESTATED	278,603
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 82,762

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to account for assets held by the City of Gardiner, Maine that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended and unless otherwise specified, only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the City or its citizenry.

- The Henrietta Johnson Fire Department Fund of \$10,000 is a fund intended for the assistance and relief of sick or unfortunate members of the Gardiner Fire Department, former member(s) or their families.
- Lucy Harriman Children's Fund holds \$20,000 of nonexpendable gifts to the City. This trust was established for the assistance of needy children in Gardiner.
- Christmas Dinner Fund holds \$10,000 of nonexpendable gifts to the City. The purpose of this fund is to purchase groceries to provide Christmas dinners for the needy.
- Gardiner Fire Department Fund holds \$10,250 of nonexpendable gifts to the City.
 The purpose of this fund is the same as the Henrietta Johnson Fire Department fund.
- The Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund holds \$2,050 of nonexpendable gifts to the City. They were established by various donors for the ongoing care of City cemeteries from the income of the trust funds.
- The Isabel Harriman fund of \$239,599 is for scholarships for deserving Gardiner area High School graduates to defray the cost of further vocational education.
- All Other Funds hold \$15,500 of nonexpendable gifts to the City. The income generated from these various funds is to be used to help the poor and help maintain the City's parks, libraries and cemeteries.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Henrietta Johnson Fire Dept. Trust		Lucy Harriman Children's Fund		Christmas Dinner Fund		Gardiner Fire Department Fund	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	72,956	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Investments		10,000		20,143		12,203		21,600
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	82,956	\$	20,143	\$	12,203	\$	21,600
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$		\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		10,000		20,000		10,000		10,250
Restricted		72,956		143		2,203		11,350
Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned		_		_		_		_
Unassigned		_		_		_		_
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		82,956		20,143		12,203	-	21,600
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	82,956	\$	20,143	\$	12,203	\$	21,600

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Ce	emetery					
	Perpetual		Isabel		All		
	Care		Harriman		Other		
		Fund	Fund		Funds		Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,654	\$ 77,610
Investments		2,099		241,629		13,562	 321,236
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,099	\$	241,629	\$	18,216	\$ 398,846
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		-		-	-
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		2,050		239,599		15,500	307,399
Restricted		49		2,030		2,716	91,447
Committed		-		-		-	-
Assigned		-		-		-	-
Unassigned		-		-		-	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,099		241,629		18,216	398,846
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
FUND BALANCES	\$	2,099	\$	241,629	\$	18,216	\$ 398,846

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Henrietta Johnson Fire Dept. Trust		Lucy Harriman Children's Fund		Christmas Dinner Fund		Gardiner Fire Department Fund	
REVENUES								
Investment income	\$	316	\$	75	\$	46	\$	80
TOTAL REVENUES		316		75		46		80
EXPENDITURES Unclassified		14,435						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		14,435						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(14,119)		75		46		80
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		97,075		20,068		12,157		21,520
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	82,956	\$	20,143	\$	12,203	\$	21,600

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Cemetery Perpetual Care		Isabel Harriman		All Other		-
		-und	<u>Fund</u>		Funds		 Total
REVENUES		_			_		
Investment income	_\$	8	_\$_	898	_\$_	65	\$ 1,488
TOTAL REVENUES		8		898		65	1,488
EXPENDITURES Unclassified				2,000			16,435
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		2,000			 16,435
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		8		(1,102)		65	(14,947)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		2,091		242,731		18,151	413,793
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	2,099	\$	241,629	\$	18,216	\$ 398,846

General Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide statement of net position.

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2022

	Land and Non-depreciable Assets		Buildings, Building Improvements		Furniture, Equipment and Vehicles	Infrastructure	Total
General Government Public safety Public works Community services	\$	1,613,607 - -	\$	162,628 87,034 194,192 108,436	\$ 218,437 2,485,369 3,623,345	\$ - 47,746,068	\$ 1,994,672 2,572,403 51,563,605 108,436
Ambulance Wastewater		- 3,893,171		4,822,059	935,725 887,532	15,477,398	935,725 25,080,160
Total General Capital Assets		5,506,778		5,374,349	8,150,408	63,223,466	82,255,001
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Net General Capital Assets	Ф	5,506,778	\$	(3,771,768) 1,602,581	(6,295,847) \$ 1,854,561	(41,993,038) \$ 21,230,428	(52,060,653) \$ 30,194,348
Net General Capital Assets	Φ	5,500,776	Ψ	1,002,361	φ 1,004,001	Φ 21,230,420	φ 30, 194,340

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Capital			General Capital
	Assets			Assets
	7/1/21	Additions	Deletions	6/30/22
General Government	\$ 1,516,048	\$ 478,624	\$ -	\$ 1,994,672
Public safety	2,572,403	-	-	2,572,403
Public works	51,500,343	63,262	-	51,563,605
Community services	108,436	-	-	108,436
Ambulance	935,725	-	-	935,725
Wastewater	22,929,825	2,150,335		25,080,160
Total General Capital Assets	79,562,780	2,692,221	-	82,255,001
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(50,439,605)	(1,621,048)		(52,060,653)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 29,123,175	\$ 1,071,173	\$ -	\$ 30,194,348

Federal Compliance Description

Federal compliance includes financial information and reports that are required in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and/or the Uniform Guidance in accordance with 2 CFR § 515. Such financial information and reports include:

- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
- Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance or Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
- Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor Pass-through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass-through Grantor Number	Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through State of Maine - Department of Agriculture:				
Urban and Community Forestry Program Urban and Community Forestry Program	10.675 10.675	20-DG-159 21-DG-213	\$ 3,418 4,100 7,518	\$ - - -
Direct: Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities Loan Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities Grant	10.760 10.760	N/A N/A	3,032,000 338,547 3,370,547	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			3,378,065	
U.S. Department of Justice: Passed through Town of Winthrop:				
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	07CV20	3,204	
Direct: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738 16.738	N/A N/A	425 1,141 1,566	- - -
Total U.S. Department of Justice			4,770	
U.S. Department of Treasury:				
Direct: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	79,269	
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			79,269	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Direct:				
Provider Relief Fund amd American Rescue Plan (ARP) Rural Distribution	93.498	N/A	14,889	<u>-</u>
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			14,889	
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 3,476,993	\$ -

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Gardiner, Maine under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Gardiner, Maine, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City of Gardiner, Maine.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. Reporting Entity The accompanying schedule includes all federal awards programs of City of Gardiner, Maine for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The reporting entity is defined in Notes to Financial Statements.
- B. Basis of Presentation The information in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented in accordance with Uniform Guidance.
- C. Basis of Accounting Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and/or OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- C. Indirect Cost Rate The City of Gardiner, Maine has elected not to use the 10percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

D. Loan Outstanding

In addition to programs reported on the Schedule of Federal Awards, the City of Gardiner, Maine has an outstanding federal loan program as follows. We considered the outstanding loan balances in determining programs to be tested under the Uniform Guidance.

Federal		Outstanding
AL		Balance
Number	Program Name	6/30/22
10.760	Waste and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	\$3,032,000



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City Council City of Gardiner Gardiner, Maine

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gardiner, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Gardiner, Maine's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Gardiner, Maine's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Gardiner, Maine's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Gardiner, Maine's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Gardiner, Maine's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the City of Gardiner, Maine in a separate letter dated January 25, 2023.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine March 15, 2023

RHR Smith & Company



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City Council
City of Gardiner, Maine
Gardiner, Maine

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Gardiner, Maine's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Gardiner, Maine's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. City of Gardiner, Maine's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Gardiner, Maine's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Gardiner, Maine's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Gardiner, Maine's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion City of Gardiner, Maine, complied in all material respects, with the type of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Gardiner, Maine is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the type of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Gardiner, Maine internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Gardiner, Maine's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirements of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine March 15, 2023

RHR Smith & Company

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements			
Type of auditor's report	issued :	Unmo	dified
Internal control over fina	ncial reporting:		
Material weakness(eSignificant deficiencyNoncompliance mate	•	yes yes yes	X_no X_no X_no
Federal Awards Internal control over maj	or programs:		
Material weakness(eSignificant deficiency	yes yes	X_no X_no	
Type of auditor's report	issued on compliance for major pro	ograms: Unmo	dified
,	sed that are required to be reporte 0.516 of Uniform Guidance?	d yes	X_no
Identification of major pr	ograms:		
AL Numbers 10.760	Name of Federal Program or Cl Water and Waste Disposal Sys Rural Communities		
Dollar threshold used to	distinguish between type A and B:	\$750,	000
Auditee qualified as low-	risk auditee?	yes	_X_no

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None